

Introduction to Electromechanical

Primary Career Cluster:	Advanced Manufacturing
Consultant:	Deborah Knoll, (615) 532-2844, Deborah.Knoll@tn.gov
Course Code(s):	6091
Prerequisite(s):	<i>Principles of Manufacturing</i> (5922), <i>Algebra I</i> (0842, 3102), and <i>Physical Science</i> (3202) Note: <i>Algebra I</i> and <i>Physical Science</i> may be taken as co-requisites.
Credit:	1
Grade Level:	10
Graduation Requirements:	This course satisfies one of three credits required for an elective focus when taken in conjunction with other Manufacturing courses.
Programs of Study and Sequence:	This is the second course in the <i>Electromechanical Technology</i> program of study.
Aligned Student Organization(s):	Skills USA: http://www.tnskillsusa.com Tracy Whitehead, (615) 532-2804, Tracy.Whitehead@tn.gov Technology Student Association (TSA): http://www.tntsa.org Tracy Whitehead, (615) 532-2804, Tracy.Whitehead@tn.gov
Coordinating Work-Based Learning:	Teachers are encouraged to use embedded WBL activities such as informational interviewing, job shadowing, and career mentoring. For information, visit https://tn.gov/education/topic/work-based-learning .
Available Student Industry Certifications:	None
Dual Credit or Dual Enrollment Opportunities:	There are no statewide dual credit/dual enrollment opportunities for this course. If interested in establishing a local opportunity, reach out to a local postsecondary institution.
Teacher Endorsement(s):	477, 523, 531, 537, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 575, 582, 584, 585, 596, 598, 700, 701, 705, 707, 760
Required Teacher Certifications/Training:	None
Teacher Resources:	https://tn.gov/education/article/cte-cluster-advanced-manufacturing

Course Description

Introduction to Electromechanical is a foundational course that introduces students to basic electro-mechanical skills necessary in a manufacturing facility. Topics covered include safety, construction drawings, site layout, hand and power tools, linear and angular measurements, and application of algebraic and geometric principles to construction problems. Upon completion of this course,

proficient students will be able to understanding, describe, and troubleshoot electromechanical systems.

Program of Study Application

This is the second course in the *Electromechanical Technology* program of study. For more information on the benefits and requirements of implementing this program in full, please visit the Manufacturing website a <https://tn.gov/education/article/cte-cluster-advanced-manufacturing>.

Course Standards

Safety

- 1) Assess a given situation requiring the use of tools, equipment, and materials. Explain the applicability of various safety standards and procedures, and then safely demonstrate the use of the tools, equipment, and materials. For example, the hoisting of material requires lifting equipment of sufficient strength and applicability to the task, physical clearance from personnel, necessary alerting to others, and authorization to use the required equipment, as well as conformance to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) policies for avoiding and reporting accidents associated with this type of activity.
- 2) Assess a given situation requiring the use of hand and/or power tools. Select the proper tool and accessories, critique the readiness of the tool, use the tool to accomplish the desired task, and then return the tool and accessories to its proper storage. For example, creating a hole in aluminum requires the choice of the proper drill, drill bit, mounting hardware, lubricant, and safety procedures and precautions. The suitability of the drill bit is just one of many aspects that must be assessed and analyzed.
- 3) Analyze situations, create plans, and implement plans requiring the use of rigging to install and/or remove equipment and machinery. Perceive and critique the safety risks involved in the job. For example, contrast the implications of lifting and positioning heavy objects of small compact shape versus those of large rotational moment.
- 4) Identify and evaluate situations that require electrical circuits and electromechanical principles. Develop and safely implement a plan to achieve the desired electromechanical objective. For example, recognize the power requirements for operating a 35 hp lathe, develop a wiring plan, and draft the details for a work order.

Problem Solving & Critical Thinking

- 5) Create linear and angular drawings to represent real-world physical scenarios in two and three dimensions. For example, based on physical requirements for a bracket, develop a plan, and create a drawing based on the required geometry for accurately fabricating the bracket, including precise linear and angular measures.
- 6) Apply mathematics concepts to solve electronics and manufacturing industry problems. For example, calculate the impact of the addition of random variables representing material

dimensions that include several tolerances and dimensional allowances on the final combined work product.

- 7) Create two- and three-dimensional scale drawings using accepted dimensioning rules and measurement systems. For example, as part of a project to fabricate a custom-shaped metal block, develop the complete drawings that specify the dimensional details for each step of the construction process.
- 8) Identify and demonstrate basic troubleshooting strategies appropriate for evaluating electronic circuits/systems and electromechanical devices. For example, in a relay-logic circuit with four display bulbs, develop and implement a troubleshooting strategy to remedy a bulb that fails to light.

Computers & Electronics

- 9) Demonstrate understanding of the operation of electrical circuits and devices and relate it to the physical laws (such as Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Law, and power laws) that govern the behavior of electrical circuits and devices. Accurately apply these physical laws to solve problems. For example, calculate and support the consequence of the maximum volume of air that can be moved by an AC-powered 50 hp electric motor.
- 10) Explain the interrelationships among sources of current, voltage, resistance, and power in electric circuits, both theoretical (illustrated) and actual by designing a direct current (DC) circuit of resistors and LEDs, and predicting the likely current and power requirement. Discriminate among used resistors in a junk box, using the color codes to identify resistors of suitable value.
- 11) Assemble the required connections of electronic test equipment to properly test the operation of basic electronic circuit behavior and performance, using equipment such as a digital multimeter, oscilloscope, and resistance bridge. For example, design, assemble, and verify a passive analog filter able to block at least 6 dB of audio-level signals of frequency greater than 500 Hz.

Production & Processing

- 12) Investigate an assortment of occupations and manufacturing processes that rely on electromechanical principles and technologies, such as shipyard rigging, metalworking, agricultural mechanics, construction, and medical prosthetics. Write an informative text that summarizes the typical educational and certification requirements, working environments, and career opportunities for these occupations.
- 13) Analyze and describe a variety of quality control constraints on manufacturing materials, parts, and processes that impact the suitability of a given electromechanical production process. Collect and interpret data that includes, but is not limited to, physical and electrochemical properties such as size, mass, hardness, pH, temperature, conductivity, rate, and so forth, and synthesize the results to yield a clear, written documentation of the findings. For example, assist a quality assurance inspector who must carefully complete the

steps of a standard inspection order to certify an incoming shipment of raw material by making several measurements and tests for conformance to specification.

- 14) Inspect and interpret blueprints, schematic diagrams, or written specifications for electromechanical devices and systems. Explain how pictorial representations relate to an actual project layout, verifying sufficient agreement as prescribed by specified tolerances. For example, create a proposed parts list for wiring a room addition based on electrical construction drawings, conforming to generally accepted building codes.
- 15) Given a malfunctioning electromechanical system, use resources such as blueprints, diagrams, and equipment manuals to troubleshoot the machinery. Develop and graphically illustrate at least three possible solutions to the problem. Select the optimal solution and justify the selection with evidence drawn from the resources listed above.

Standards Alignment Notes

*References to other standards include:

- P21: Partnership for 21st Century Skills [Framework for 21st Century Learning](#)
 - Note: While not all standards are specifically aligned, teachers will find the framework helpful for setting expectations for student behavior in their classroom and practicing specific career readiness skills.