

The Labor Market Report

The Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Phil Bredesen,
Governor

James G. Neeley,
Commissioner

February 2009 Data

Annual Average Labor Force Information

Special Points of Interest:

- Annual Average Labor Force Information for Metro and Micro Areas, 2006 to 2008
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1978 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

Chattanooga MSA	7
Knoxville MSA	8
Memphis MSA	9
Nashville MSA	10
Smaller MSAs	11
Consumer Price Index	12

The Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) annual averages have been updated and year end revisions have been completed. This issue of the LMR will provide the annual average labor force data for the state, the MSAs, and the micropolitan areas. (See the table on Page 2.) The annual averages for individual counties are not included in this month's LMR.

The statewide unemployment rate in 2008 was 6.4 percent, up 1.6 percent from the previous year. The United States' unemployment rate was 5.8 percent in 2008, up from 4.6 percent in 2007. In both years, the Tennessee unemployment rate has been greater than the national rate. In 2008, South Dakota had the lowest unemployment (3.0 percent) while Michigan had the highest unemployment (8.4 percent). Tennessee (at 6.4 percent) was ranked 39th.

Metro Areas

Last year, total employment increased in the Kingsport and Johnson City MSAs. Total em-

ployment remained the same in the Nashville MSA and declined in the other seven MSAs. Morristown and Cleveland declined for the second year in a row while Johnson City increased for the second straight year. The unemployment rate, however, increased in every MSA from 2007 to 2008 after declining in every MSA from 2006 to 2007.

Last year, the metropolitan areas with the lowest unemployment rates were Knoxville (5.2 percent) followed by Nashville and Kingsport (both 5.5 percent). Of the metro areas, the Knoxville MSA has had the lowest unemployment rate for seven consecutive years (tied with Nashville in 2005). The Clarksville MSA had the highest rate in 2007 at 5.4 percent, which is still lower than the lowest rate in 2008. The Morristown MSA had the highest rate (7.1 percent) in 2008.

Micro Areas

The micropolitan areas are designations based on the 2000 Census that have at least one urban cluster of greater than 10,000 but less than 50,000 population, plus

adjacent counties with a high degree of social and economic integration.

These 20 smaller communities, however, only account for 15.8 percent of the total persons employed in 2008. This is 451,100 people, slightly less than the total employment for Knoxville and Clarksville combined. These communities, while only accounting for 15.8 percent of the total employment, account for 19.3 percent of all unemployed Tennesseans. This follows national trends of smaller areas having greater unemployment rates.

During the past year, the total employment decreased or remained the same in all but two micropolitan areas. Only Columbia and Harriman had employment increases in this last year. Harriman's employment has increased during four consecutive years, from 2004 through 2008. The employment decreased each year, from 2006 until 2008, in Crossville, Dyersburg, Greeneville, Humboldt, McMinnville, Paris, and Union City. The employment in Lawrenceburg has remained unchanged for three

Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Annual Averages for Tennessee and the Metropolitan and Micropolitan Areas, 2006 to 2008

(In Thousands)	2008				2007				2006			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
TENNESSEE	3,041.3	2,846.1	195.2	6.4 %	3,013.4	2,867.6	145.8	4.8 %	3,008.3	2,854.0	154.4	5.1 %
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	264.3	249.1	15.2	5.7 %	261.7	250.7	11.0	4.2 %	260.3	249.1	11.3	4.3 %
Clarksville	108.8	101.2	7.6	7.0	109.4	103.4	6.0	5.4	108.1	102.3	5.8	5.4
Cleveland	54.3	50.8	3.5	6.4	54.6	52.0	2.6	4.7	55.4	52.6	2.8	5.0
Jackson	56.5	52.8	3.7	6.6	56.0	53.1	2.9	5.1	55.8	52.8	3.0	5.3
Johnson City	99.9	94.0	5.9	5.9	98.1	93.7	4.4	4.5	97.6	92.9	4.7	4.8
Kingsport	146.7	138.7	8.0	5.5	143.6	137.3	6.3	4.4	144.4	137.7	6.8	4.7
Knoxville	358.3	339.6	18.6	5.2	354.7	341.3	13.4	3.8	351.1	336.7	14.4	4.1
Memphis	617.7	576.5	41.2	6.7	616.0	583.7	32.3	5.2	613.5	579.0	34.5	5.6
Morristown	64.8	60.2	4.6	7.1	64.1	60.8	3.3	5.1	65.0	61.3	3.7	5.7
Nashville	796.8	752.9	43.9	5.5	784.9	752.9	32.0	4.1	776.6	744.1	32.5	4.2
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	24.1	22.1	2.1	8.5 %	24.5	23.1	1.4	5.7 %	24.8	23.4	1.4	5.6 %
Brownsville	9.4	8.4	1.0	10.5	9.8	9.1	0.7	7.2	9.7	9.0	0.7	7.5
Columbia	37.4	34.4	3.0	7.9	36.4	33.4	2.9	8.1	36.6	34.7	2.0	5.4
Cookeville	50.4	46.8	3.6	7.1	50.0	47.3	2.7	5.5	50.3	47.3	3.0	6.0
Crossville	22.9	21.1	1.8	7.7	22.8	21.5	1.3	5.7	23.2	21.8	1.4	6.1
Dyersburg	17.6	16.3	1.3	7.4	17.3	16.4	0.9	5.1	17.6	16.6	1.0	5.7
Greeneville	30.4	27.6	2.8	9.1	31.2	29.0	2.2	7.1	32.7	30.1	2.6	7.8
Harriman	27.2	25.6	1.6	5.7	26.6	25.4	1.2	4.6	26.8	25.3	1.4	5.3
Humboldt	21.1	19.1	2.0	9.3	20.8	19.3	1.5	7.1	21.1	19.5	1.6	7.6
LaFollette	16.9	15.7	1.3	7.6	16.7	15.8	0.9	5.5	16.9	15.8	1.0	6.0
Lawrenceburg	16.7	15.1	1.6	9.6	16.5	15.1	1.4	8.4	17.0	15.1	1.9	11.2
Lewisburg	12.6	11.4	1.1	9.0	12.9	11.9	1.0	7.8	12.7	11.9	0.8	6.3
Martin	15.6	14.4	1.2	8.0	15.5	14.4	1.0	6.7	15.7	14.6	1.1	6.7
McMinnville	17.7	16.2	1.5	8.2	17.6	16.5	1.2	6.6	18.3	16.7	1.6	8.9
Newport	16.6	15.2	1.4	8.5	16.3	15.3	1.1	6.5	16.2	15.1	1.2	7.2
Paris	13.9	12.7	1.2	8.6	14.0	13.1	0.9	6.4	14.2	13.2	1.0	7.1
Sevierville	48.4	45.1	3.3	6.9	47.6	45.1	2.4	5.1	47.2	44.6	2.6	5.4
Shelbyville	22.6	21.1	1.5	6.6	22.6	21.5	1.1	5.0	22.2	21.0	1.2	5.2
Tullahoma	49.0	45.9	3.0	6.2	48.7	46.3	2.4	4.8	49.0	46.3	2.7	5.5
Union City	18.2	16.9	1.3	7.1	18.2	17.1	1.1	6.0	18.6	17.5	1.1	5.8

(Continued from Page 1)
consecutive years.

From 2007 to 2008, the unemployment rate increased in every micropolitan area except Columbia, which declined by 0.2 percent. The largest increase occurred in Brownsville (up 3.3 percent), which also was the only micropolitan area above 10 percent unemployment (10.5 percent). Athens had the next highest yearly increase with a 2.8 percent

rise in unemployment. The unemployment rate increased two straight years in Athens, Lewisburg, and Union City.

When comparing 2006 with 2008, the typical observations in micropolitan areas are that the employment is less in 2008, and the unemployment and the unemployment rate are greater than two years ago. Some of the exceptions to those observations are the following:

The employment is greater in 2008 in Harriman, Newport, Sevierville, and Shelbyville. The employment is the same in Lawrenceburg. The total unemployed and the unemployment rates are lower in 2008 in Lawrenceburg and McMinnville.

The entire annual average publication is available at www.state.tn.us/labor-wfd/publication.htm

Statewide

HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force						Unemployed	
	Total	Employment	Employed			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade			**Services
1979	2,040.5	1,918.5	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	122.0	6.0 %
1980	2,071.6	1,920.1	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	151.5	7.3
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,863.5	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	135.0	4.7
2002	2,867.1	2,715.0	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	152.1	5.3
2003	2,896.1	2,731.4	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.8	5.7
2004	2,906.9	2,748.6	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.3	5.4
2005	2,938.9	2,775.6	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	163.3	5.6
2006	3,008.3	2,854.0	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	154.4	5.1
2007	3,013.4	2,867.6	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	145.8	4.8
2008	3,041.3	2,846.1	2,776.2	361.8	458.4	1,058.4	195.2	6.4
2009								
January (r)	3,005.3	2,728.6	2,669.0	333.6	440.8	1,029.0	276.7	9.2 %
February(p)	3,024.5	2,736.1	2,661.2	330.4	437.1	1,026.6	288.4	9.5
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								

(r)=revised

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

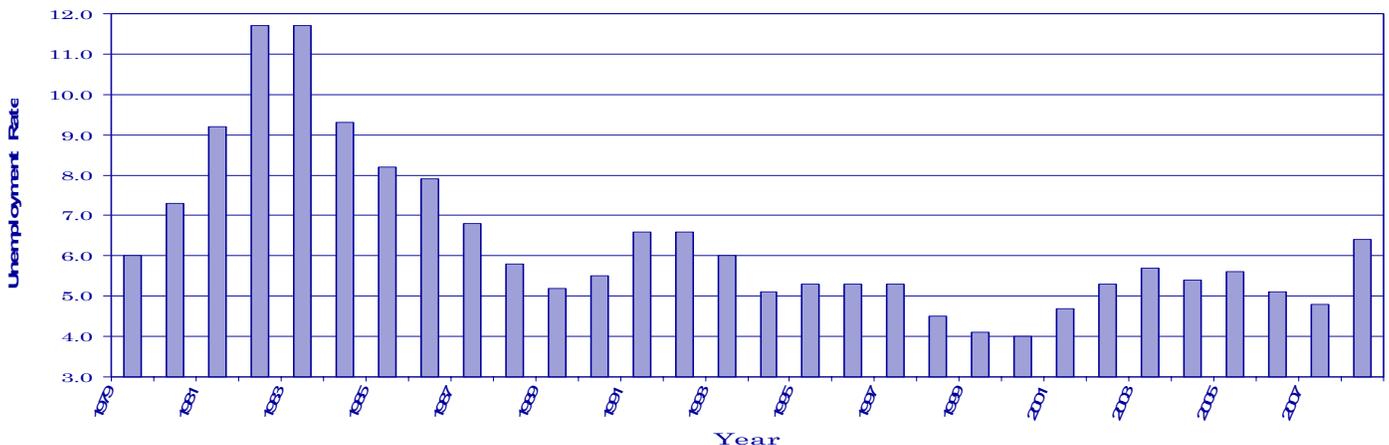
Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

County	Feb 2008	Feb 2009	County	Feb 2008	Feb 2009
Anderson	5.1	8.7	Lauderdale	9.2	17.9
Bedford	5.9	10.8	Lawrence	8.9	14.6
Benton	7.6	13.2	Lewis	10.1	15.1
Bledsoe	6.9	12.8	Lincoln	4.8	7.0
Blount	5.8	9.6	Loudon	5.0	8.4
Bradley	5.7	8.5	Macon	8.0	12.9
Campbell	7.3	12.2	Madison	6.3	9.0
Cannon	5.5	12.2	Marion	6.5	11.3
Carroll	8.6	13.1	Marshall	9.0	14.7
Carter	5.9	9.7	Maury	8.0	11.6
Cheatham	4.7	8.5	McMinn	8.0	12.5
Chester	5.9	9.9	McNairy	8.6	12.7
Claiborne	6.7	11.2	Meigs	7.9	13.2
Clay	10.3	15.5	Monroe	8.0	15.9
Cocke	9.6	14.4	Montgomery	5.5	8.1
Coffee	5.6	10.3	Moore	5.5	9.0
Crockett	8.9	13.3	Morgan	7.0	10.9
Cumberland	8.0	11.8	Obion	6.2	9.3
Davidson	4.6	7.5	Overton	8.4	14.2
Decatur	7.3	11.8	Perry	12.0	24.1
DeKalb	5.5	11.5	Pickett	11.2	17.7
Dickson	5.7	10.7	Polk	6.9	12.3
Dyer	6.3	11.8	Putnam	5.7	9.4
Fayette	7.4	10.1	Rhea	6.6	12.9
Fentress	8.4	14.1	Roane	5.3	8.4
Franklin	5.8	10.2	Robertson	5.1	9.7
Gibson	8.7	12.7	Rutherford	4.8	9.3
Giles	7.1	13.8	Scott	10.2	18.1
Grainger	7.0	12.9	Sequatchie	7.1	10.8
Greene	8.8	14.3	Sevier	9.8	14.1
Grundy	6.9	13.2	Shelby	6.1	8.6
Hamblen	6.0	10.8	Smith	7.2	14.3
Hamilton	4.7	7.9	Stewart	8.1	12.1
Hancock	7.2	13.4	Sullivan	4.6	7.3
Hardeman	8.9	10.7	Sumner	5.1	9.1
Hardin	7.4	12.4	Tipton	6.8	12.2
Hawkins	5.4	11.0	Trousdale	9.0	11.6
Haywood	8.3	13.4	Unicoi	7.8	10.9
Henderson	9.1	15.3	Union	5.7	10.0
Henry	7.6	12.7	Van Buren	7.3	13.4
Hickman	8.0	12.0	Warren	7.5	15.9
Houston	6.9	11.1	Washington	5.1	7.7
Humphreys	7.9	12.3	Wayne	9.7	13.0
Jackson	8.4	13.8	Weakley	6.7	10.5
Jefferson	7.3	12.6	White	7.1	14.3
Johnson	7.9	11.8	Williamson	4.0	6.2
Knox	4.4	7.2	Wilson	5.2	8.5
Lake	7.1	9.8			

*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

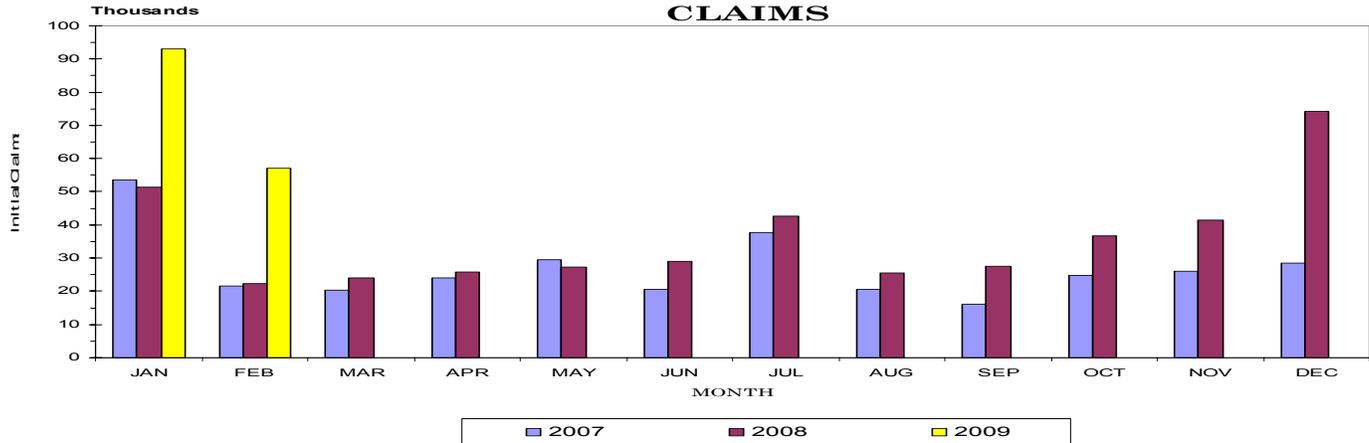
Unemployment Rates 1979-2008



Statewide

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



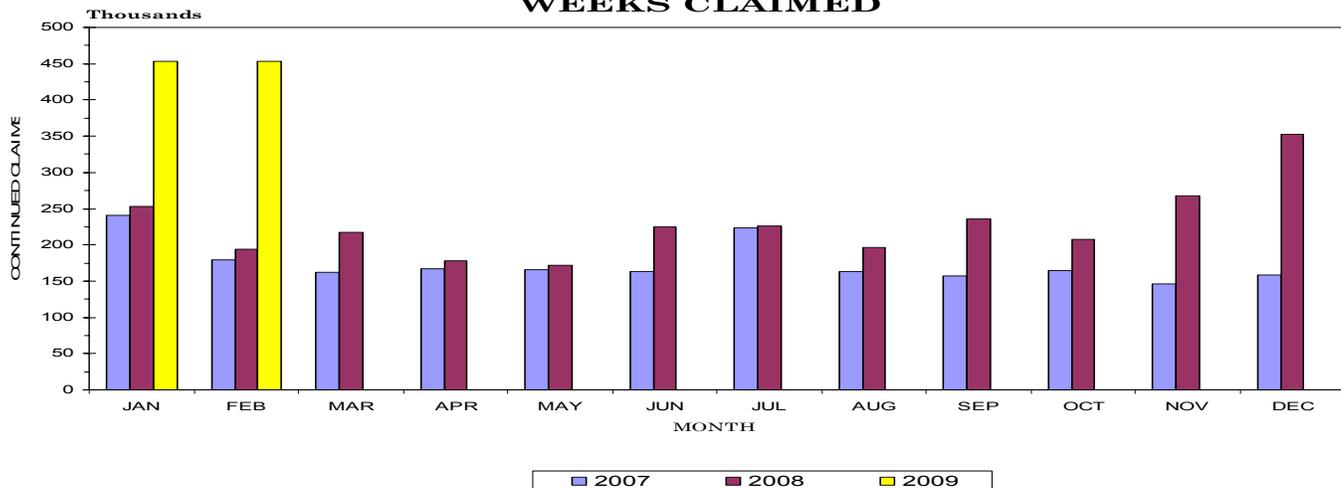
BENEFIT PROGRAMS

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Feb. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Feb. 2008	Jan. 2009	Feb. 2009
Initial Claims	22,336	93,010	57,157	Benefits Paid	\$342,542	\$381,841	\$379,020
Continued Weeks Claimed	194,043	453,121	452,731	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,113	1,213	1,283
Nonmonetary Determinations	6,406	6,107	7,346	Initial Claims	67	142	92
Appeals Decisions	2,030	2,042	1,959	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,127	1,337	1,311
Lower Authority	1,776	1,706	1,681	Appeals Decisions	16	8	5
Higher Authority	254	336	278				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$40,644,813	\$90,274,826	\$99,050,240	Benefits Paid	\$372,378	\$500,938	\$489,006
Benefit Weeks Paid	193,707	415,197	445,385	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,280	1,494	1,485
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$217	\$225	\$225	Initial Claims	84	121	143
First Payments	12,612	53,751	30,370	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,270	1,551	1,482
Final Payments	3,628	7,330	8,136	Appeals Decisions	2	4	8
Average Weeks Duration	14	12	13				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$507,756,473	\$345,082,833	\$269,724,621				

*Trust Fund includes balance of \$92.84 million of Reed Act funds.

CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	February 2008	Revised January 2009	Preliminary February 2009	Net Change	
				Feb. 2008 Feb. 2009	Jan. 2008 Feb. 2009
Total Nonfarm	2,771.9	2,669.0	2,661.2	-110.7	-7.8
Total Private	2,341.8	2,241.9	2,228.5	-113.3	-13.4
Goods Producing	502.2	447.7	442.1	-60.1	-5.6
Mining & Construction	132.6	114.1	111.7	-20.9	-2.4
Manufacturing	369.6	333.6	330.4	-39.2	-3.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	228.8	201.3	201.0	-27.8	-0.3
Wood Product Manufacturing	15.0	12.7	12.3	-2.7	-0.4
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	14.9	13.5	13.2	-1.7	-0.3
Primary Metal Manufacturing	11.5	10.2	10.1	-1.4	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	40.1	37.0	36.7	-3.4	-0.3
Machinery Manufacturing	32.0	29.9	29.8	-2.2	-0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	7.8	6.7	6.6	-1.2	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	21.0	19.5	19.3	-1.7	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	56.4	45.0	46.3	-10.1	1.3
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	15.1	12.9	12.9	-2.2	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	15.0	13.9	13.8	-1.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	140.8	132.3	129.4	-11.4	-2.9
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	14.8	13.8	13.3	-1.5	-0.5
Food Manufacturing	32.2	30.7	30.1	-2.1	-0.6
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.0	4.7	4.6	-0.4	-0.1
Paper Manufacturing	16.9	16.2	15.8	-1.1	-0.4
Printing & Related Support Activities	16.1	14.5	14.2	-1.9	-0.3
Chemical Manufacturing	27.5	26.6	26.1	-1.4	-0.5
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	26.2	23.7	23.2	-3.0	-0.5
Plastics Product Manufacturing	13.6	12.1	11.8	-1.8	-0.3
Rubber Product Manufacturing	12.6	11.6	11.4	-1.2	-0.2
Service Providing	2,269.7	2,221.3	2,219.1	-50.6	-2.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	602.4	578.7	573.8	-28.6	-4.9
Wholesale Trade	132.9	127.7	127.1	-5.8	-0.6
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	69.0	65.5	65.0	-4.0	-0.5
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	46.3	44.9	44.7	-1.6	-0.2
Wholesale Electronic Markets	17.6	17.3	17.4	-0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	325.9	313.1	310.0	-15.9	-3.1
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	42.8	39.9	39.9	-2.9	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.8	9.3	9.2	-0.6	-0.1
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	26.6	25.2	25.3	-1.3	0.1
Food & Beverage Stores	48.4	47.1	47.0	-1.4	-0.1
Health & Personal Care Stores	24.0	24.0	24.0	0.0	0.0
Gasoline Stations	23.8	22.4	22.5	-1.3	0.1
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	29.0	28.4	27.1	-1.9	-1.3
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	11.8	11.9	11.4	-0.4	-0.5
General Merchandise Stores	72.3	69.7	68.9	-3.4	-0.8
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	16.9	15.5	15.4	-1.5	-0.1
Nonstore Retailers	10.7	9.5	9.4	-1.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	143.6	137.9	136.7	-6.9	-1.2
Utilities	3.5	3.4	3.4	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	140.1	134.5	133.3	-6.8	-1.2
Truck Transportation	60.8	56.4	55.7	-5.1	-0.7
Information	51.0	47.6	47.6	-3.4	0.0
Publishing Industries (except internet)	12.9	12.8	12.8	-0.1	0.0
Telecommunications	17.7	18.7	18.7	1.0	0.0
Financial Activities	144.9	138.9	138.4	-6.5	-0.5
Finance & Insurance	109.3	104.8	104.5	-4.8	-0.3
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	35.6	34.1	33.9	-1.7	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	319.3	306.6	303.6	-15.7	-3.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	112.0	109.6	109.1	-2.9	-0.5
Management of Companies & Enterprises	24.9	24.4	24.2	-0.7	-0.2
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	182.4	172.6	170.3	-12.1	-2.3
Educational & Health Services	353.3	360.8	363.0	9.7	2.2
Educational Services	40.9	38.4	40.5	-0.4	2.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	312.4	322.4	322.5	10.1	0.1
Ambulatory Health Care Services	117.1	120.9	121.2	4.1	0.3
Hospitals	101.6	107.9	107.8	6.2	-0.1
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	52.7	53.6	53.7	1.0	0.1
Social Assistance	41.0	40.0	39.8	-1.2	-0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	264.3	261.6	260.3	-4.0	-1.3
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	25.7	25.4	25.4	-0.3	0.0
Accommodation & Food Services	238.6	236.2	234.9	-3.7	-1.3
Accommodation	33.0	29.6	28.8	-4.2	-0.8
Food Services & Drinking Places	205.6	206.6	206.1	0.5	-0.5
Other Services	104.4	100.0	99.7	-4.7	-0.3
Repair & Maintenance	21.7	20.6	20.8	-0.9	0.2
Personal & Laundry Services	24.8	23.8	24.1	-0.7	0.3
Government	430.1	427.1	432.7	2.6	5.6
Federal Government	48.8	49.0	49.0	0.2	0.0
State Government	98.8	94.1	97.4	-1.4	3.3
State Government Educational Services	48.7	43.4	46.8	-1.9	3.4
Local Government	282.5	284.0	286.3	3.8	2.3
Local Government Educational Services	147.5	145.8	147.8	0.3	2.0

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 110,700 jobs from February 2008 to February 2009. During this period, there were large seasonal decreases in mining/construction (down 20,900 jobs); retail trade (down 15,900 jobs), which includes declines of 3,400 in general merchandise stores, 2,900 jobs in motor vehicle/parts dealers, and 1,900 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; professional/business services (down 15,700 jobs), which includes a decline of 12,100 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; transportation equipment manufacturing (down 10,100 jobs); transportation/warehousing (down 6,800 jobs), which includes a drop of 5,100 jobs in truck transportation; financial activities (down 6,500 jobs), which includes a decrease of 4,800 jobs in finance/insurance; wholesale trade (down 5,800 jobs), which includes a decline of 4,000 jobs in durable goods wholesalers; other services (down 4,700 jobs); accommodation (down 4,200 jobs); fabricated metal product manufacturing and information (both down 3,400 jobs); plastics/rubber products manufacturing (down 3,000 jobs), which includes a drop of 1,800 jobs in plastics product manufacturing; and wood product manufacturing (down 2,700 jobs). This was partially offset by increases in health care/social assistance (up 10,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,200 jobs in hospitals and 4,100 jobs in ambulatory health care services; and local government (up 3,800 jobs).

During February, nonfarm employment decreased by 7,800 jobs. The largest seasonal declines were in retail trade (down 3,100 jobs), which includes a decline of 1,300 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; professional/business services (down 3,000 jobs), which includes a drop of 2,300 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; mining/construction (down 2,400 jobs); accommodation/food services (down 1,300 jobs); and transportation/warehousing (down 1,200 jobs). This was partially offset by increases in state government educational services (up 3,400 jobs), educational services (up 2,100 jobs), local government educational services (up 2,000 jobs), and transportation equipment manufacturing (up 1,300 jobs).

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for February 2009 was 9.1 percent, up .5 percent from the January rate. This is the 19th consecutive month that the current rate is greater than or equal to the national average.

The United States' unemployment rate was 8.1 percent in February 2009. In February 2008, the national unemployment rate was 4.8 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.5 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate increased in 63 counties, decreased in 29 counties, and remained the same in three counties. There were 69 counties with an unemployment rate greater than 10 percent, and nine counties were higher than 15 percent. The lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 6.2 percent, down .6 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Perry County's 24.1 percent, down from 27.3 percent in January 2009.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data is based on the 2008 benchmark.

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	February 2008				January 2009				February 2009			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	153,498,000	146,075,000	7,423,000	4.8	153,716,000	142,099,000	11,616,000	7.6	154,214,000	141,748,000	12,467,000	8.1
TENNESSEE	3,035,100	2,866,700	168,400	5.5	3,033,500	2,773,300	260,100	8.6	3,052,300	2,776,000	276,300	9.1
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	152,503,000	144,550,000	7,953,000	5.2	153,445,000	140,436,000	13,009,000	8.5	153,804,000	140,105,000	13,699,000	8.9
TENNESSEE	3,008,100	2,831,200	176,900	5.9	3,005,300	2,728,600	276,700	9.2	3,024,500	2,736,100	288,400	9.5
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	262,420	248,310	14,110	5.4	262,540	241,580	20,970	8.0	264,460	241,370	23,090	8.7
Clarksville	109,310	102,250	7,050	6.5	106,980	96,710	10,270	9.6	108,170	97,340	10,830	10.0
Cleveland	53,700	50,580	3,120	5.8	53,010	48,390	4,630	8.7	53,470	48,650	4,820	9.0
Jackson	56,000	52,490	3,510	6.3	55,210	50,280	4,930	8.9	55,930	50,810	5,120	9.2
Johnson City	99,430	93,900	5,540	5.6	97,780	89,880	7,910	8.1	99,260	90,760	8,490	8.6
Kingsport-Bristol	145,480	138,350	7,120	4.9	146,130	133,840	12,290	8.4	146,340	133,790	12,550	8.6
Knoxville	353,380	336,510	16,870	4.8	352,940	327,010	25,930	7.3	355,280	327,210	28,070	7.9
Memphis	608,200	571,160	37,040	6.1	610,740	557,310	53,430	8.7	613,740	558,950	54,800	8.9
Morristown	64,480	60,200	4,270	6.6	65,100	57,830	7,280	11.2	65,610	57,860	7,750	11.8
Nashville	785,600	747,310	38,290	4.9	782,130	720,130	62,000	7.9	789,120	723,020	66,100	8.4
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Brownsville	9,760	8,950	810	8.3	9,040	7,820	1,220	13.5	9,020	7,820	1,210	13.4
Cookeville	51,170	47,850	3,330	6.5	49,300	43,980	5,310	10.8	49,390	44,060	5,340	10.8
Crossville	22,760	20,940	1,820	8.0	22,030	19,360	2,670	12.1	21,820	19,240	2,580	11.8
Dyersburg	17,460	16,360	1,100	6.3	17,410	15,510	1,900	10.9	17,670	15,580	2,090	11.8
Greeneville	30,670	27,970	2,700	8.8	30,780	26,450	4,330	14.1	31,160	26,720	4,440	14.3
Humboldt	20,980	19,150	1,820	8.7	21,360	18,500	2,860	13.4	21,270	18,570	2,700	12.7
Lawrenceburg	16,350	14,900	1,460	8.9	17,150	14,530	2,620	15.3	16,990	14,500	2,490	14.6
Lewisburg	12,680	11,540	1,140	9.0	12,860	10,870	1,990	15.5	12,670	10,800	1,870	14.7
Martin	15,600	14,560	1,040	6.7	15,560	13,930	1,640	10.5	15,510	13,880	1,630	10.5
McMinnville	17,430	16,130	1,300	7.5	17,930	15,650	2,290	12.7	18,290	15,380	2,910	15.9
Paris	14,000	12,930	1,070	7.6	13,670	11,920	1,750	12.8	13,640	11,900	1,740	12.7
Shelbyville	22,460	21,130	1,330	5.9	22,550	20,370	2,180	9.7	22,750	20,300	2,450	10.8
Tullahoma	48,370	45,630	2,740	5.7	48,820	44,380	4,430	9.1	49,670	44,620	5,050	10.2
Union City	18,200	17,020	1,180	6.5	17,810	16,200	1,610	9.1	17,990	16,250	1,740	9.7

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
	2008	2009	2009	2008	2009	2009	2008	2009	2009
Manufacturing	\$562.18	\$575.46	\$566.77	\$14.64	\$14.68	\$14.57	38.4	39.2	38.9
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$569.85	\$600.73	\$576.24	\$14.50	\$14.76	\$14.70	39.3	40.7	39.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$556.79	\$561.79	\$560.76	\$14.73	\$14.63	\$14.49	37.8	38.4	38.7

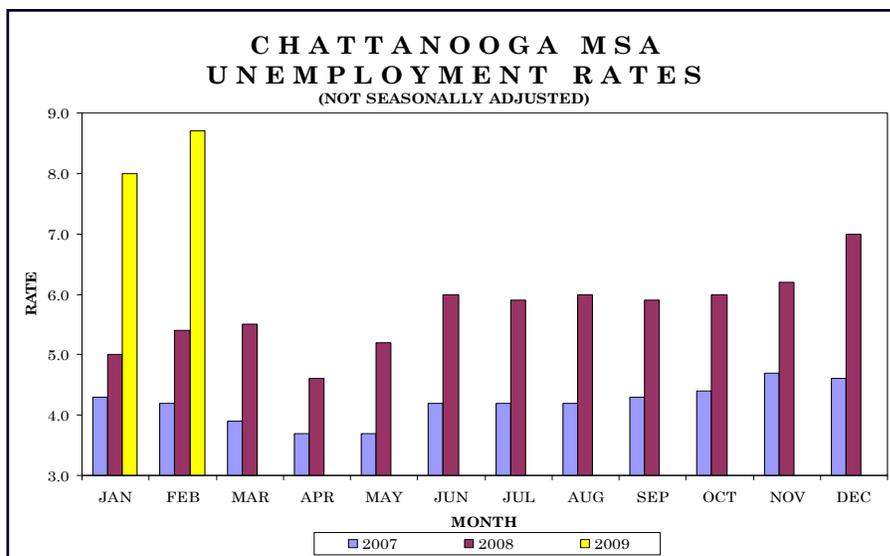
**ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	January	December	January	January	December	January	January	December	January
	2008	2008	2009	2008	2008	2009	2008	2008	2009
Total Private	\$673.38	\$685.30	\$671.24	\$19.35	\$19.58	\$19.40	34.8	35.0	34.6
Goods Producing	\$778.09	\$778.33	\$759.52	\$20.21	\$20.06	\$20.04	38.5	38.8	37.9
Mining, Logging & Const	\$698.52	\$701.06	\$715.47	\$19.19	\$19.42	\$19.71	36.4	36.1	36.3
Manufacturing	\$805.56	\$806.75	\$775.78	\$20.55	\$20.27	\$20.15	39.2	39.8	38.5
Private Srvc Provide	\$644.90	\$660.96	\$649.30	\$19.08	\$19.44	\$19.21	33.8	34.0	33.8
Trade, Transportation, Information	\$622.80	\$690.83	\$663.45	\$18.00	\$19.46	\$19.01	34.6	35.5	34.9
Financial Activities	\$735.92	\$789.25	\$806.31	\$20.73	\$22.17	\$22.46	35.5	35.6	35.9
Professional and Busin	\$793.74	\$783.18	\$792.09	\$21.11	\$21.11	\$21.35	37.6	37.1	37.1
Educational and Health	\$872.35	\$813.98	\$810.52	\$23.90	\$22.24	\$22.39	36.5	36.6	36.2
Leisure and Hospitalit	\$686.11	\$698.39	\$699.03	\$20.42	\$20.91	\$20.38	33.6	33.4	34.3
Other Services	\$287.68	\$311.26	\$289.64	\$10.98	\$11.88	\$11.27	26.2	26.2	25.7
Other Services	\$605.34	\$573.76	\$556.44	\$17.10	\$16.44	\$16.61	35.4	34.9	33.5

**This data is one month behind

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 400 jobs from January 2009 to February 2009. There were seasonal decreases in educational/health services (down 400 jobs), and mining/construction, professional/business services, and transportation/warehousing/utilities (each down 200 jobs). This was partially offset by increases in state government (up 600 jobs) and accommodation/food services (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm jobs decreased by 6,000 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 4,200, while service-providing jobs declined by 1,200.



CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	February 2008				January 2009				February 2009			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Athens Micro	23,960	22,050	1,910	8.0	24,030	21,060	2,970	12.4	23,940	20,950	2,990	12.5
Chattanooga City	79,630	75,850	3,770	4.7	79,720	73,990	5,730	7.2	80,380	74,070	6,310	7.9

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

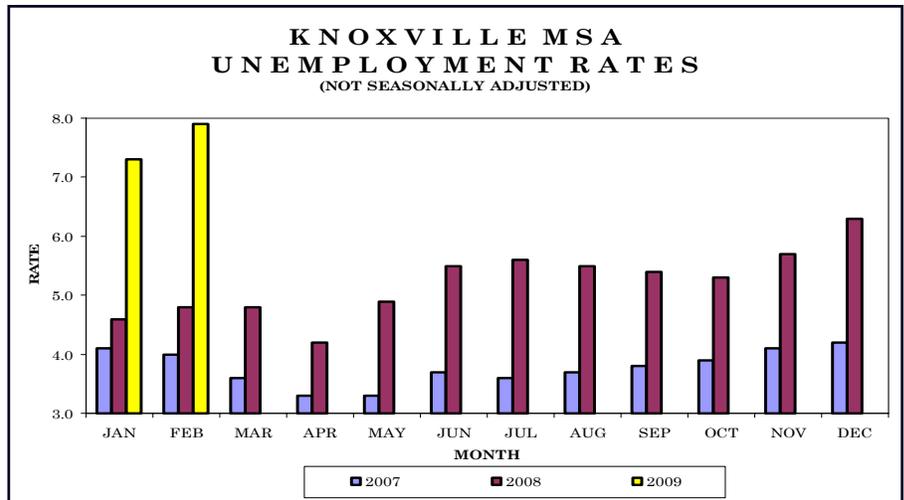
Industry	February 2008	Revised January 2009	Preliminary February 2009	Net Change	
				Feb. 2008 Feb. 2009	Jan. 2009 Feb. 2009
Total Nonfarm	246.2	240.6	240.2	-6.0	-0.4
Total Private	210.3	205.6	204.7	-5.6	-0.9
Goods Producing	45.0	41.0	40.8	-4.2	-0.2
Mining & Construction	11.1	9.1	8.9	-2.2	-0.2
Manufacturing	33.9	31.9	31.9	-2.0	0.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	15.6	14.8	14.8	-0.8	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	18.3	17.1	17.1	-1.2	0.0
Service Providing	201.2	199.6	199.4	-1.8	-0.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	55.0	53.4	53.2	-1.8	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	8.9	8.7	8.7	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	26.0	25.7	25.7	-0.3	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	6.4	6.4	6.3	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	20.1	19.0	18.8	-1.3	-0.2
Information	3.8	3.7	3.7	-0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	18.6	18.3	18.3	-0.3	0.0
Professional & Business Services	24.8	25.9	25.7	0.9	-0.2
Educational & Health Services	29.8	30.9	30.5	0.7	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	22.4	21.8	21.9	-0.5	0.1
Accommodation & Food Services	20.2	19.6	19.8	-0.4	0.2
Other Services	10.9	10.6	10.6	-0.3	0.0
Government	35.9	35.0	35.5	-0.4	0.5
Federal Government	6.2	5.9	5.8	-0.4	-0.1
State Government	6.2	5.6	6.2	0.0	0.6
Local Government	23.5	23.5	23.5	0.0	0.0



Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 700 jobs from January 2009 to February 2009. There were seasonal decreases in retail trade, mining/construction, and durable goods manufacturing (each down 400 jobs), and local government (down 200 jobs). This was partially offset by an increase of 1,000 jobs in state government.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment decreased by 10,100 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 5,400, while service-providing jobs declined by 4,700.



CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	February 2008				January 2009				February 2009			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Harriman Micro	27,010	25,580	1,420	5.3	26,940	24,790	2,150	8.0	27,080	24,820	2,260	8.4
LaFollette Micro	51,170	47,850	3,330	6.5	49,300	43,980	5,310	10.8	49,390	44,060	5,340	10.8
Newport Micro	16,330	14,760	1,560	9.6	17,150	14,790	2,360	13.8	17,210	14,740	2,470	14.4
Sevierville Micro	17,460	16,360	1,100	6.3	17,410	15,510	1,900	10.9	17,670	15,580	2,090	11.8
Knoxville City	93,520	87,460	6,070	6.5	94,930	84,990	9,940	10.5	96,000	85,040	10,960	11.4
Maryville City	27,010	25,580	1,420	5.3	26,940	24,790	2,150	8.0	27,080	24,820	2,260	8.4
Oak Ridge City	13,210	12,600	610	4.6	13,120	12,240	880	6.7	13,210	12,250	960	7.3

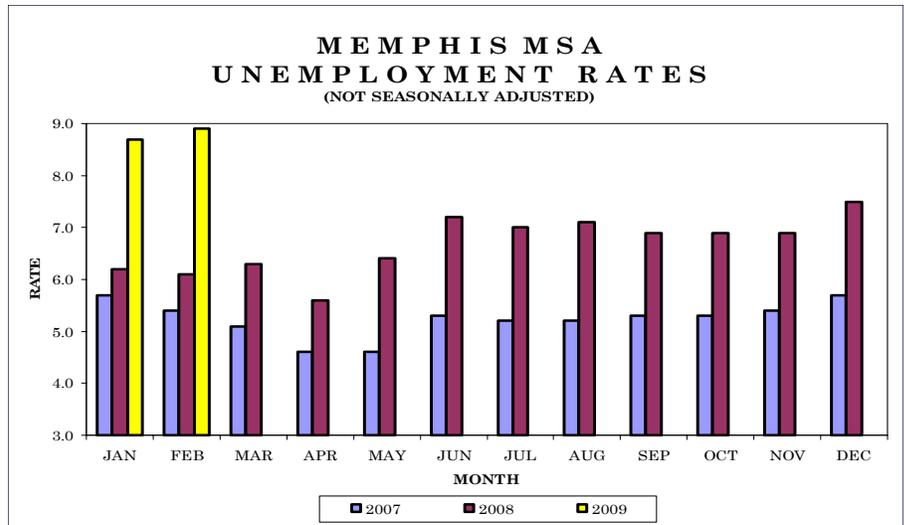
ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	February 2008	Revised January 2009	Preliminary February 2009	Net Change	
				Feb. 2008 - Feb. 2009	Jan. 2009 - Feb. 2009
Total Nonfarm	334.6	325.2	324.5	-10.1	-0.7
Total Private	283.4	275.3	273.8	-9.6	-1.5
Goods Producing	54.0	49.5	48.6	-5.4	-0.9
Mining & Construction	17.7	16.7	16.3	-1.4	-0.4
Manufacturing	36.3	32.8	32.3	-4.0	-0.5
Durable Goods Manufacturing	27.8	24.6	24.2	-3.6	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	8.5	8.2	8.1	-0.4	-0.1
Service Providing	280.6	275.7	275.9	-4.7	0.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	72.7	70.0	69.4	-3.3	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	16.6	16.7	16.6	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	45.0	42.5	42.1	-2.9	-0.4
Food & Beverage Stores	7.1	7.0	7.0	-0.1	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	8.2	8.1	8.0	-0.2	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	11.1	10.8	10.7	-0.4	-0.1
Information	5.6	5.4	5.4	-0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	17.5	17.5	17.5	0.0	0.0
Professional & Business Services	41.4	40.9	40.8	-0.6	-0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	20.1	19.5	19.5	-0.6	0.0
Educational & Health Services	43.0	43.6	43.6	0.6	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	34.6	34.1	34.1	-0.5	0.0
Accommodation & Food Services	31.3	30.5	30.4	-0.9	-0.1
Other Services	14.6	14.3	14.4	-0.2	0.1
Government	51.2	49.9	50.7	-0.5	0.8
Federal Government	5.1	5.1	5.1	0.0	0.0
State Government	17.0	15.8	16.8	-0.2	1.0
Local Government	29.1	29.0	28.8	-0.3	-0.2

Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 300 jobs from January 2009 to February 2009. There were seasonal increases in state and local government (both up 800 jobs). This was partially offset by declines in retail trade (down 800 jobs); administrative/support/waste management (down 400 jobs); leisure/hospitality (down 300 jobs), which includes a drop of 200 jobs in accommodation/food services; and nondurable goods manufacturing (down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment decreased by 13,700 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 3,500, while service-providing jobs declined by 10,200.



CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	February 2008				January 2009				February 2009			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Bartlett City	25,850	24,740	1,110	4.3	25,830	24,150	1,680	6.5	25,900	24,230	1,670	6.5
Collierville City	20,050	19,220	840	4.2	19,920	18,760	1,160	5.8	19,970	18,820	1,150	5.8
Germantown City	19,450	18,720	720	3.7	19,260	18,280	980	5.1	19,350	18,340	1,010	5.2
Memphis City	308,060	287,120	20,940	6.8	309,710	280,290	29,420	9.5	310,940	281,220	29,730	9.6

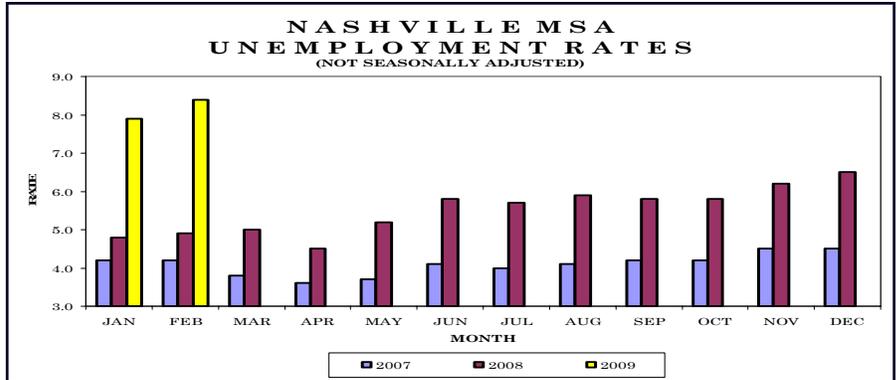
ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	February 2008	Revised January 2009	Preliminary February 2009	Net Change	
				Feb. 2008 - Feb. 2009	Jan. 2009 - Feb. 2009
Total Nonfarm	631.3	617.3	617.6	-13.7	0.3
Total Private	540.3	527.8	526.4	-13.9	-1.4
Goods Producing	75.1	71.9	71.6	-3.5	-0.3
Mining & Construction	24.5	23.4	23.3	-1.2	-0.1
Manufacturing	50.6	48.5	48.3	-2.3	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	25.5	23.9	23.9	-1.6	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	25.1	24.6	24.4	-0.7	-0.2
Service Providing	556.2	545.4	546.0	-10.2	0.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	171.4	166.6	165.9	-5.5	-0.7
Wholesale Trade	36.0	35.1	35.2	-0.8	0.1
Retail Trade	70.6	67.9	67.1	-3.5	-0.8
Food & Beverage Stores	9.9	9.7	9.6	-0.3	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	13.8	13.8	13.7	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	64.8	63.6	63.6	-1.2	0.0
Information	7.4	6.9	6.9	-0.5	0.0
Financial Activities	32.7	32.6	32.7	0.0	0.1
Professional & Business Services	81.1	78.1	77.8	-3.3	-0.3
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	19.7	19.0	19.1	-0.6	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	5.5	5.2	5.2	-0.3	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	55.9	53.9	53.5	-2.4	-0.4
Educational & Health Services	78.8	79.9	79.9	1.1	0.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	68.4	69.6	69.5	1.1	-0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	69.8	66.8	66.5	-3.3	-0.3
Accommodation & Food Services	62.7	59.4	59.2	-3.5	-0.2
Other Services	24.0	25.0	25.1	1.1	0.1
Government	91.0	89.5	91.2	0.2	1.7
Federal Government	14.7	15.2	15.3	0.6	0.1
State Government	15.8	14.7	15.5	-0.3	0.8
Local Government	60.5	59.6	60.4	-0.1	0.8



Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 300 jobs from January 2009 to February 2009. There were seasonal increases in state government (up 1,500 jobs); education/health services (up 700 jobs), which includes increases of 400 jobs in health care/social assistance and 300 jobs in educational services; professional/scientific/technical services (up 300 jobs); and leisure/hospitality (up 300 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in food services/drinking places. This was partially offset by declines in administrative/support/waste management (down 800 jobs); retail trade (down 500 jobs), which includes a drop of 300 jobs in general merchandise stores; mining/construction (down 500 jobs); nondurable goods manufacturing (down 300 jobs); and durable goods manufacturing (down 200 jobs).



CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	February 2008				January 2009				February 2009			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Columbia Micro	37,920	34,880	3,040	8.0	37,210	31,410	5,800	15.6	37,550	33,190	4,350	11.6
Brentwood City	16,980	16,320	670	3.9	16,610	15,720	890	5.4	16,680	15,790	900	5.4
Columbia City	15,450	14,250	1,200	7.7	15,140	12,830	2,310	15.3	15,370	13,560	1,810	11.8
Franklin City	30,860	29,540	1,320	4.3	31,010	28,470	2,540	8.2	30,900	28,580	2,320	7.5
Gallatin City	13,270	12,330	930	7.0	13,660	11,890	1,770	12.9	13,700	11,930	1,770	12.9
Hendersonville	25,300	24,090	1,210	4.8	25,150	23,210	1,940	7.7	25,320	23,310	2,020	8.0
LaVergne City	14,000	12,930	1,070	7.6	13,670	11,920	1,750	12.8	13,640	11,900	1,740	12.7
Murfreesboro City	52,410	49,470	2,940	5.6	53,010	47,670	5,340	10.1	53,890	47,870	6,030	11.2
Nashville City	319,840	305,010	14,830	4.6	315,790	293,920	21,870	6.9	318,980	295,100	23,880	7.5
Smyrna City	20,010	18,950	1,060	5.3	20,230	18,260	1,970	9.7	20,590	18,340	2,250	10.9

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	February	January	February	Feb. 2008	Jan. 2009
	2008	2009	2009	Feb. 2009	Feb. 2009
Total Nonfarm	758.9	732.7	733.0	-25.9	0.3
Total Private	654.7	630.1	629.0	-25.7	-1.1
Goods Producing	116.1	104.2	103.2	-12.9	-1.0
Mining & Construction	40.1	36.0	35.5	-4.6	-0.5
Manufacturing	76.0	68.2	67.7	-8.3	-0.5
Durable Goods Manufacturing	51.5	44.9	44.7	-6.8	-0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	24.5	23.3	23.0	-1.5	-0.3
Service Providing	642.8	628.5	629.8	-13.0	1.3
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	153.9	148.8	148.3	-5.6	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	37.3	36.6	36.6	-0.7	0.0
Retail Trade	87.1	83.6	83.1	-4.0	-0.5
Food & Beverage Stores	13.1	12.9	12.8	-0.3	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	17.8	17.5	17.2	-0.6	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	29.5	28.6	28.6	-0.9	0.0
Information	21.1	20.9	20.8	-0.3	-0.1
Financial Activities	46.2	45.2	45.1	-1.1	-0.1
Finance & Insurance	35.7	34.9	34.9	-0.8	0.0
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	10.5	10.3	10.2	-0.3	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	98.9	94.2	93.8	-5.1	-0.4
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	38.0	37.0	37.4	-0.6	0.4
Management of Companies & Enterprises	9.8	9.7	9.7	-0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	51.1	47.5	46.7	-4.4	-0.8
Educational & Health Services	109.7	111.3	112.0	2.3	0.7
Educational Services	18.6	18.6	18.9	0.3	0.3
Health Care & Social Assistance	91.1	92.7	93.1	2.0	0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	77.9	76.1	76.4	-1.5	0.3
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	8.9	8.2	8.3	-0.6	0.1
Accommodation & Food Services	69.0	67.9	68.1	-0.9	0.2
Accommodation	11.7	11.5	11.5	-0.2	0.0
Food Services & Drinking Places	57.3	56.4	56.6	-0.7	0.2
Other Services	30.9	29.4	29.4	-1.5	0.0
Government	104.2	102.6	104.0	-0.2	1.4
Federal Government	11.7	12.0	11.9	0.2	-0.1
State Government	30.8	28.2	29.7	-1.1	1.5
Local Government	61.7	62.4	62.4	0.7	0.0

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		***Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	January 2009	February 2009	January 2009	February 2009	January 2009	February 2009
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	80,700	80,700	39,000	39,200	59,400	59,800
Total Private	62,300	61,900	33,500	33,700	47,200	47,300
Goods Producing	14,800	14,600	10,700	10,800	12,600	12,400
Mining & Construction	3,200	3,100	1,600	1,600	2,700	2,700
Manufacturing	11,600	11,500	9,200	9,200	9,900	9,700
Durable Goods Manufacturing	7,600	7,600	4,400	4,400	6,100	6,000
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	4,000	3,900	4,800	4,800	3,800	3,700
Service Providing	65,900	66,100	28,200	28,400	46,800	47,400
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	14,900	14,800	6,600	6,700	12,200	12,000
Wholesale Trade	1,800	1,800	900	900	2,700	2,700
Retail Trade	10,800	10,700	4,500	4,600	7,200	7,100
General Merchandise Stores	3,200	3,200	NA	NA	2,300	2,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	2,300	1,200	1,200	NA	NA
Information	1,000	1,000	300	300	800	800
Financial Activities	2,500	2,500	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
Professional & Business Services	7,400	7,400	2,800	2,700	4,200	4,100
Educational & Health Services	10,100	10,100	5,000	5,100	8,200	8,800
Leisure & Hospitality	8,500	8,400	3,900	3,900	5,500	5,500
Other Services	3,100	3,100	2,400	2,400	2,000	2,000
Government	18,400	18,800	5,500	5,500	12,200	12,500
Federal Government	5,800	5,800	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,000	3,400	600	600	1,700	1,900
Local Government	9,600	9,600	4,600	4,600	10,000	10,100

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		***Morristown, TN MSA	
	January 2009	February 2009	January 2009	February 2009	January 2009	February 2009
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	78,000	78,800	120,000	119,600	48,500	48,500
Total Private	62,400	62,200	104,100	103,500	41,300	41,200
Goods Producing	11,800	11,800	30,100	29,800	15,100	15,000
Mining & Construction	2,900	2,900	7,600	7,400	2,200	2,200
Manufacturing	8,900	8,900	22,500	22,400	12,900	12,800
Durable Goods Manufacturing	NA	NA	9,900	9,900	8,200	8,100
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	NA	NA	12,600	12,500	NA	NA
Service Providing	66,200	67,000	89,900	89,800	33,400	33,500
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,100	13,000	24,900	24,600	26,200	26,200
Wholesale Trade	2,300	2,300	5,100	5,000	11,000	10,900
Retail Trade	9,600	9,500	15,400	15,200	2,100	2,200
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,200	1,200	4,400	4,400	3,000	2,900
Information	2,100	2,100	2,400	2,400	700	700
Financial Activities	4,700	4,700	4,200	4,200	1,200	1,200
Professional & Business Services	7,300	7,200	8,500	8,500	3,000	3,000
Educational & Health Services	13,200	13,200	18,200	18,300	5,500	5,700
Leisure & Hospitality	7,800	7,800	11,900	11,800	3,300	3,300
Other Services	2,400	2,400	3,900	3,900	1,400	1,400
Government	15,600	16,600	15,900	16,100	7,200	7,300
Federal Government	2,600	2,600	1,200	1,100	400	400
State Government	5,000	6,000	2,200	2,200	1,400	1,500
Local Government	8,000	8,000	12,500	12,800	5,500	5,500

*** These metro areas are no longer supported by BLS. The Department of Labor and Workforce Development is funding and collecting data for these areas.

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

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U.S. Consumer Price Index February 2009

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	212.193	0.2	0.5
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	206.708	-0.3	0.5
South			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	205.343	0.1	0.5
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	201.150	-0.6	0.5

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted)

