## Know Your Number

Understand your risk from elevated radon exposure

**Equals 200 chest x-rays per year Radon Level** OR 8 cigarettes per day. 4.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home. Equals 400 chest x-rays per year Radon Level** OR 16 cigarettes per day. 8.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** Equals 500 chest x-rays per year **Radon Level** OR 20 cigarettes per day. One full pack. 10.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** Equals 750 chest x-rays per year **Radon Level** OR 30 cigarettes per day. 15.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** Equals 1,000 chest x-rays per year **Radon Level** OR 40 cigarettes per day. 20.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** Equals 2,000 chest x-rays per year **Radon Level** OR 80 cigarettes per day. 40.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** Equals 5,000 chest x-rays per year **Radon Level** OR 200 cigarettes per day. 100.0 pCi/L **EPA Recommends: Fix your home.** 

- Average US indoor air radon level = **1.3 pCi/L** (pico curies per liter of air).
- If you smoke and your radon levels are elevated, your risk for lung cancer is especially high.
- Smaller lungs and faster breathing rates may result in greater radon exposure in children relative to adults.



www.KentuckyRadon.org Email: info@KentuckyRadon.org



Radon hotline: 502-564-4856 http://cfhs.ky.gov/dph/info/phps/radongas.htm What's in a number? When it comes to understanding your risk from radon exposure, your number means a lot.

Radon is measured in pico curies per liter of air (pCi/L). 4.0 pCi/L is the level established by the US EPA for action — any building testing above this level should be fixed.

Nationwide, 7% of all buildings contain elevated radon levels. In Kentucky, 42% of all buildings contain eleveted levels — six times greater than the national average. In some areas of the state, more than 65% of buildings contain elevated radon levels.

The only way to know if a home or other building contains elevated radon levels is to have it tested. Where a problem exists, steps should be taken to correct the issue through proven mitigation techniques.

## **Facts About Radon**

Radon is a **naturally-occurring** radioactive gas. Radon enters a home through cracks or openings in the foundation, slab, or sump pit. When this occurs, radon can **accumulate in dangerous levels**.

Radon is a Class A Human Carcinogen — the US EPA and Surgeon General estimate radon is responsible for more than 25,000 annual deaths, making it the leading cause of lung cancer among non-smokers.

Information cited from the following sources: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, ABDR. (1990). Toxicological profile for radon. Atlanta, GA: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

US Environmental Protection Agency. Indoor Environments Division. A Citizens Guide to Radon. EPA 402-K-09-001, January 2009.