

# **Tornado Preparedness Plan for Schools**



# Tornado Preparedness:

## Education and Training:

- o Provide tornado safety training to all staff members.
- Conduct regular tornado drills at least twice per year to ensure everyone knows the proper procedures.
  - T.C.A. § 68-102-137 requires three (3) additional safety drills per year.
- Develop and confirm protocols to facilitate decision making regarding temporary classrooms, special needs students, assembly areas, outdoor activities, etc.

## • Emergency Supplies:

- o Maintain emergency go kits in each classroom and throughout the school.
  - Click <u>here</u> to find examples of what to include in your emergency go kits.

## • Communication Plan:

- Keep a weather alert radio in the main office and constantly monitor conditions for current information.
  - Additional information sources include, but are not limited to: The <u>National Weather</u> <u>Service</u>, <u>The Weather Channel</u>, Internet and local TV/radio news stations.
- Establish a *clear* communication plan to notify staff, students, and parents about tornado warnings and procedures.
- Designate specific individuals responsible for communicating with emergency services, monitoring weather forecasts, and updating stakeholders during a tornado event.
- o In the event that severe weather approach at release time, implement your delayed release plan/protocol and communicate this information to staff, students and parents.

## • Tornado Watch:

- o Tornadoes are possible in the area. Be ready to act quickly if a warning is issued.
  - Notify staff and students when a tornado watch is issued.
  - Review tornado procedures and ensure all emergency supplies are readily available.

#### • Tornado Warning:

- A tornado has been sighted or indicated by weather radar. Take shelter immediately.
  - Immediately initiate tornado functional procedures when a tornado warning is issued for the school's area.
  - Direct students and staff to move to designated tornado shelter areas.
  - Account for all individuals and take attendance.

## TORNADO DANGER SIGNS:

- Dark, greenish sky
- Large hail
- Low-lying cloud that may be rotating
- Loud roar, like a freight train
- Sudden drop in barometric pressure



- Strong winds > 60 mph
- Frequent, intense lightning

## **Tornado Shelter Areas:**

- Identify designated tornado shelter areas in the school building, such as interior hallways, basements, or reinforced rooms without windows.
  - o Stay away from glass or other safety hazards.
- Ensure shelter areas are clearly marked with signage.

Regularly inspect and maintain shelter areas to ensure safety and accessibility.

#### **Best Shelter Areas**

- Basements or interior lower levels
- Areas with a short roof span
- Away from glass or other safety hazards

### Hallways:

- Use interior hallways at a 90-degree angle to through hallways that exit to the outside to help reduce wind tunnel effects.
- Harden hallway shelter areas as needed to reduce exposure to flying debris and other hazards.

#### Do Not Use:

- Areas with large roof spans such as gymnasiums, auditoriums, cafeterias, etc.
- Temporary or portable classrooms.
- Hallways that have glass doors at each end that open to the outdoors.

#### **Post-Tornado Procedures:**

- Monitor local news and weather broadcasts for updated information.
- Conduct a thorough assessment of the school building and grounds for damage.
- Provide medical assistance to anyone injured during the tornado.
- Communicate with emergency services and follow their instructions.
- Coordinate with district officials and parents to reunite students with their families.
- Support students and staff emotionally and provide counseling services if needed.

#### **Additional Resources:**

<u>Tennessee Emergency Management Agency Tornado Preparedness</u>

Ready.gov Be Prepared for a Tornado

National Weather Service Tornado Safety

**National Weather Service Local Forecast** 

National Weather Service Severe Weather Preparedness Guide for Schools