CODE OF ETHICS SECTION 1. Applie

include these separate entities. appointed or created by the municipality. The words "municipal" and "municipality" school board), commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board (except SECTION 1. Applicability. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the municipality. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the

- SECTION 2. <u>Definition of "personal interest."</u>
 (1) For purpose of Sections 3 and 4, "personal interest" means:
- by state statues on conflicts of interests; or person that is the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated (a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the particular entity or
- 3 regulated or supervised; or Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the entity or person to be
- or stepchild(ren). employee's spouse, parent(s), stepparent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or
- person or entity that is the subject of the vote or that is to be regulated or supervised employee, or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a (2) The words "employment interest" includes a situation in which an official, an
- law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this chapter. (3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state
- affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official's vote on takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote SECTION 3. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote. An official with In addition, the official may recuse himself from voting on the measure
- supervised that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the SECTION 4. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the particular person or entity being regulated or himself from the exercise of discretion in the matter. or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse the recorder before the exercise of the discretion when possible. In addition, the official exercise of the discretion shall disclose the interest on a form provided by and filed with
- directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any SECTION 5. kind from anyone other than the municipality: Acceptance of gratuities, etc. An official or employee may not accept,
- (1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that

course of his duties; or he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular

or reward him for past exercise of discretion, in executing municipal business. (2) That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his discretion,

SECTION 6. Use of information.

- (1) An official or employee may not disclose any information obtained in his state or federal law except as authorized by the law. official capacity or position of employment that is made confidential under
- An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity.

SECTION 7. Use of municipal time, facilities, etc.

- (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.
- \Im An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time municipality person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the governing body to be in the best interests of the facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private

SECTION 8. Use of position or authority.

- (1) An official or employee may not make or attempt to make private purchases, for cash or otherwise, in the name of the municipality.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or attempt to use his position to secure any privilege or exemption for himself or others that are not authorized by the charter, general law, or ordinance or policy of the municipality

SECTION 9. Outside employment. An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy

- (1) The city attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the municipality. advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable law. provision of this chapter, the city attorney may render an oral or written the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a Upon
- investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee code of ethics any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this violation and make recommendations for action to end or seek retribution for his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the city attorney shall

- (b) The city attorney may request that the governing body hire another attorney, individual or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.
- <u></u> another individual or entity chosen by the governing body. investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the city attorney or the governing body determines that a complaint warrants further the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that lodged against a member of the municipality's governing body, the
- \odot The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply
- \Im shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics. When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics. personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or

municipality's charter or other applicable law and, in addition, is subject to censure by municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to punishment as provided by the SECTION 11. this chapter is subject to disciplinary action. the governing body. An appointed official or an employee who violates any provision of Violations. An elected official or appointed member of a separate

1st reading: October 19, 2009

December 21, 2009

 2^{nd}

Jame Maxwell, May Smo

Attest. Jerry Mills