# ORDINANCE NO. 2024-4 AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF SILERTON, TENNESSEE PROVIDING A CODE OF ETHICS FOR TOWN PERSONNEL.

WHEREAS, Tenn. Code Ann. 8-17-103, 104, the governing body of each county, municipality, utility district, and school district in the state of Tennessee is required to adopt a Code of Ethics, consisting of ethical standards for all officials and employees of such entity, and to ensure that a copy of this adopted Code is filed with the Tennessee Ethics Commission.

WHEREAS, the Silerton Board of Mayor and Aldermen has chosen to adopt model ethical standards as promulgated by the University of Tennessee's Municipal Technical Advisory Service (MTAS).

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE SILERTON, TENNESSEE, BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.

**SECTION 1.** Applicability. This ordinance is the code of ethics for personnel of the Town of Silerton, Tennessee. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation or other instrumentality appointed or created by the municipality. The words "municipal" and "municipality" include these separate entities.

## SECTION 2. Definition of "personal interest".

- (1) For the purpose of Sections 3 and 4, "personal interest" means:
  - (a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the particular entity or person that is the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated by state statutes on conflicts of interest; or
  - (b) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the entity or person to be regulated or supervised; or
  - (c) Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or employee's spouse, parent(s), stepparent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), or stepchild(ren).
- (2) The words "employment interest" include a situation in which an official, an employee or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a person or organization that is the subject of a vote or that is to be regulated or supervised.
- (3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this ordinance.

**SECTION 3.** Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects or that

would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official's vote on the measure. In addition, the official may recuse himself from voting on the measure.

**SECTION 4.** Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the particular person or entity being regulated or supervised that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the exercise of the discretion shall disclose the interest on a form provided by and filed with the recorder before the exercise of the discretion when possible. In addition, the official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself from the exercise of discretion in the matter.

**SECTION 5.** Acceptance of gratuities, etc. An official or employee may not accept, directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any kind from anyone other than the municipality:

- (1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular course of his duties; or
- (2)That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his discretion, or reward him for past exercise or discretion, in executing municipal business.

### SECTION 6. Use of information.

- (1) An official or employee may not disclose any information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment that is made confidential under state officeral law except as authorized by law.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity,

# SECTION 7. Use of municipal time, fasciities, etc.

- (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the governing body to be in the best interests of the municipality.

#### SECTION 8. Use of position or authority.

(1) An official or employee may not make or attempt to make private purchases, for cash or otherwise, in the name of the municipality.

(2) An official or employee may not use or attempt to use his position to secure any privilege or exemption for himself or others that is not authorized by the charter, general law, ordinance, or policy of the municipality.

**SECTION 9. Outside employment.** An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy.

## SECTION 10. Ethics complaints.

- (1) The mayor is designated as the ethics officer of the municipality. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this ordinance, the mayor may rendor an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this ordinance and other applicable law.
- (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection the mayor shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this ordinance, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation and make recommendations for action to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the mayor's judgment, constitutes a violation of this code of ethics.
  - (b) The mayor may request that the governing body hire an attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interest in a particular matter.
  - (c) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this ordinance is lodged against a member of the municipality's governing body, the governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the governing body determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the mayor or another individual or entity chosen by the governing body.
- (3) The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics.
- (4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics.

**SECTION 11. Violations.** An elected official or appointed member of a separate municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality who violates any provision of this ordinance is subject to punishment as provided by the municipality's charter or other applicable law and, in addition, is subject to censure by the governing body. An appointed

official or an employee who violates any provision of this ordinance is subject to disciplinary action.

SECTION 12. Effective date. This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon final passage, the public welfare requiring it.

(4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy.

Passed First Reading: November 11, 2023

Passed Second Reading: November 28, 2023 plaster as a statistical year to page 1000

Willard Beshires, Mayor

Rita Crowley, Treasurer