

-Optimal results are obtained by pulse oximeter that has been approved by FDA for use in newborns.

⁻This screening algorithm should not take the place of clinical judgment or customary clinical practice.

^{*}Infants in special care nurseries (including intermediate care and neonatal intensive care, etc) should be screened at 24-36 hours of age or when medically appropriate after 24 hours of age. In all cases, screening should occur prior to discharge from the hospital.

^{**}If screen with RH and Foot shows 90-94% or there is a >3% difference between RH and foot and the infant is <24 hours of age, re-screen from the start of the algorithm after the infant is 24-36 hours of age. If infant > 24 hours of age, re-screen in 1 hour.

^{***} Gerard R Martin, Andrew K Ewer, Amy Gaviglio, Lisa A Hom, Annamarie Saarinen, Marci Sontag, Kristin M Burns, Alex R Kemper, Matthew E Oster. Updated Strategies for Pulse Oximetry Screening for Critical Congenital Heart Disease. Pediatrics. 2020 Jul;146(1):e20191650. doi: 10.1542/peds.2019-1650. Epub 2020 Jun 4.

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Protocol for Critical Congenital Heart Disease (CCHD) Screening Tennessee Department of Health



Chart for identifying infants with > 3% difference between the right hand and foot:

FOOT

RIGHT HAND

100	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	<90
99	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	<90
98	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	<90
97	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	<90
96	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	< 90
95	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	<90

Right hand screening not needed if foot saturation is 97-100%