

REPRODUCTIVE TRACT INFECTION (REPR)

EMET – Endometritis

(Revised January 1, 2017)

DEFINITION: Endometritis must meet at least **ONE** ☐ of the following criteria:☐ **Criterion 1:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Patient has organism(s) identified from **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ endometrial fluid (including amniotic fluid)[#]
 - ☐ endometrial tissue[#]

☐ **Criterion 2:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Patient has at least **TWO** ☐ of the following signs or symptoms: (**with no other recognized cause*)
 - ☐ fever (>38.0°C)
 - ☐ pain or tenderness (uterine or abdominal)*
 - ☐ purulent drainage from uterus

[#]by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment (e.g., not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)).

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS: (Revised January 1, 2017)

- Do not report an HAI chorioamnionitis as EMET (see OREP).
- Do not report subsequent postpartum endometritis after a vaginal delivery as an HAI if a patient is admitted with POA chorioamnionitis (OREP). (See next bullet for endometritis following a C-section).
- Report as an organ space SSI-EMET if a C-section was performed on a patient with chorioamnionitis, and the patient later develops endometritis.

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EPIS – Episiotomy Infection

(Revised January 1 2017)

DEFINITION: Episiotomy infections must meet at least **ONE** ☐ of the following criteria:

☐ **Criterion 1:** *(Revised January 1, 2017)*

- ☐ Post-vaginal delivery patient has purulent drainage from the episiotomy.

☐ **Criterion 2:** *(Revised January 1, 2017)*

- ☐ Post-vaginal delivery patient has an episiotomy abscess.

COMMENTS: *(Revised January 1, 2017)*

- Episiotomy is not considered an operative procedure in NHSN.

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**OREP – Deep Pelvic Tissue Infection
or Other Infection of the Male or Female Reproductive Tract
(Epididymis, Testes, Prostate, Vagina, Ovaries, Uterus, Chorioamnionitis,
Excluding Vaginitis, Endometritis or Vaginal Cuff Infections)
(Revised January 1, 2017)**

DEFINITION: Other infections of the male or female reproductive tract must meet at least **ONE** ☐ of the following criteria:

☐ **Criterion 1:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Patient has organism(s) identified from **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ tissue from affected site[#]
 - ☐ fluid from affected site (excludes urine and vaginal swabs)[#]

☐ **Criterion 2:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Patient has **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ abscess of affected site seen during **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ gross anatomic exam
 - ☐ histopathologic exam
 - ☐ other evidence of infection of affected site seen during **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ gross anatomic exam
 - ☐ histopathologic exam

☐ **Criterion 3:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Patient has suspected infection of one of the listed OREP sites
- AND**
- ☐ Patient has **TWO** ☐ of the following localized signs or symptoms: (* **with no other recognized cause**)
 - ☐ fever (>38.0°C)
 - ☐ nausea*
 - ☐ vomiting*
 - ☐ pain or tenderness*
 - ☐ dysuria*
- AND**

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- Patient has at least **ONE** **△** of the following:

- △** organism(s) identified from blood[#]

- △** physician initiates antimicrobial therapy within two days of **ONE** **□** of the following:

- onset of symptoms

- worsening of symptoms

[#]by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment (e.g., not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)).

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS: *(Revised January 1, 2017)*

- Report endometritis as EMET
- Report vaginal cuff infections as VCUF
- If patient has epididymitis, prostatitis, or orchitis and meets OREP criteria, and they also meet UTI criteria, report UTI only, unless the OREP is a surgical site organ/space infection, in which case, only OREP should be reported.

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VCUF – Vaginal Cuff

(Revised January 1, 2017)

DEFINITION: Vaginal cuff infections must meet at least **ONE** ☐ of the following criteria:☐ **Criterion 1:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Post hysterectomy patient has purulent drainage from the vaginal cuff on gross anatomic exam.

☐ **Criterion 2:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Post hysterectomy patient has **ONE** ☐ of the following on gross anatomic exam:
 - ☐ an abscess at the vaginal cuff
 - ☐ other evidence of infection at the vaginal cuff

☐ **Criterion 3:** (Revised January 1, 2017)

- ☐ Post hysterectomy patient has organism(s) identified from **ONE** ☐ of the following:
 - ☐ fluid obtained from the vaginal cuff[#]
 - ☐ tissue obtained from the vaginal cuff[#]

[#]by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment (e.g., not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)).

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS: (Revised January 1, 2017)

- Report vaginal cuff infections as SSI-VCUF