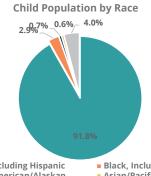
Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity

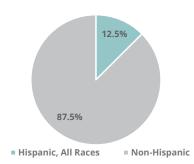
78th DEKALB

Population Under 18: 21.5%



FOUNDMIC WELL-REING GOTH





Previous

White, Including HispanicNative American/Alaskan

Other/Unknown

Black, Including HispanicAsian/Pacific Islander

Published July 2024

Previous

ECUNUMIC WELL-BEING 661H	Rank	Percent/Rate	Rank
Children living in poverty 21.8%	51st	21.3%	44th
Severe housing cost burden 12.1%	88th	9.4%	41st
Child care cost burden 21.7% FY2022-23	9th	25.8%	49th
EDUCATION 73RD	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 32.5%	61st	30.8%	63rd
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 30.4%	72nd	27.9%	74th
Youth graduating high school on time 90.2%	78th	93.2%	46th
HEALTH 85TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
HEALTH 85TH Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0% 2022-23	Rank 78th		
Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0%		Percent/Rate	Rank
Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0% Children who lack health insurance 5.9%	78th	Percent/Rate	Rank 46th
Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 5.9% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 10.8%	78th 78th	94.7% 8.4%	46th 90th
Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 5.9% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 10.8%	78th 78th 89th	Percent/Rate 94.7% 8.4% 9.8% Previous	Rank 46th 90th 76th
Kindergarten full immunization series 92.0% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 5.9% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 10.8% 2020-2022 FAMILY & COMMUNITY 61ST Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 16.2	78th 78th 89th	94.7% 8.4% 9.8% Previous Percent/Rate	46th 90th 76th Previous Rank

DeKalb County			Tennessee	County			
	Number	Rate	Rate	Rank	Year		
Demographics							
Total population (state value is number not rate)	21,225	NA	7,126,489	65	2023		
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	4,568	21.5%	22.0%	36	2023		
Economic Well-Being							
Median Household Income	\$55,392	NA	\$65,231.00	49	2022		
Youth unemployment	28	6.9%	9.8%	32	2023		
Per capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$48,289	NA	\$58,292	31	2022		
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$292,208	NA	\$325,000	32	2022		
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	59	1.3%	1.5%	26	FY23		
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	1,187	26.0%	22.4%	62	FY23		
Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$968 413	21.0%	21.4%	13	FY23		
WIC participation (percent of children under 5)	412	33.9%	29.0%	49	FY23		
Education							
School age special education services (age 3 to 21)	436	9.3%	8.0%	51	2022-23		
TEIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	430	3.5%	4.4%	23	2022-23		
Economically disadvantaged students	1,093	39.0%	30.2%	75	2022-23		
School suspensions	72	2.6%	4.6%	36	2022-23		
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	62	37.3%	35.4%	22	2022-23		
Young adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	NA	54.0%	54.3%	32	2022		
Health							
Necestal abetimance syndrome (per 1 000 live hirths)	*	*	7.1	*	2022		
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births) Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	45	18.9%	7.1 9.1%	73	2022 2021		
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	3,303	64.0%	53.1%	67	Dec-23		
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	5,905	27.8%	23.0%	66	Dec-23		
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	174	65.2%	54.5%	57	2022		
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	198	6.8%	6.1%	74	2021		
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.2	*	2021		
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	3.2	1	2021		
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	*	*	20.7	*	2021		
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	2021		
Adequate prenatal care	184	77.3%	73.9%	50	2021		
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	0	0.0	76.1	59	2022-23		
Children who are food insecure	930	21.4%	17.9%	33	2022		
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	*	*	16.1	*	2022		
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened)	1	0.9%	4.7%	4	2019-23		
Breastfeeding initiation at birth	216	81.2%	83.3%	37	2022		
Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	38	47.0	44.8	72 55	2020-23		
Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	29 21	35.9 26.0	43.6 22.1	55 71	2020-23 2020-23		
Individuals scoring positive for F13D (all ages) F13D (clear) (per 100K)	17	21.0	27.7	19	2020-23		
Family & Community							
Reported child abuse cases	290	6.3%	4.2%	85	FY23		
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	26	5.2	2.5	70	FY23		
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children) Juvenile court referrals	48	9.6	5.1	69	FY23		
Child restriant use in crashes (age 0 -12)	88 NA	2.0% 90.3%	1.8% NA	53 68	2022		
Regulated child care spaces (percent of children age 0 to 12)	630		29.8%	61	FY23		
regulated critic care spaces (percent of criticiten age of to 12)	050	19.4%	23.0%	ΟI	1123		

DeKalb

Overall

At 78th, DeKalb County is in the bottom half of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Family & Community.

Strengths

DeKalb's strongest indicator is child care cost burden, where the county ranks 9th. The county also performs well in the rate of youth crime per 1,000 at 27th.

Opportunities

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of babies who were born at a low birthweight, where it ranks 89th. There are opportunities for improvement in the percent of households in the county experiencing a severe housing cost burden as well.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Babies are born at a low birthweight either because they are born too early or they did not grow as much as they should. Ensuring women of childbearing age have access to treatment for chronic physical and mental health and substance abuse conditions creates an environment for healthy pregnancies. While the state has not expanded TennCare to close some of these access gaps, improving outreach to ensure those who do qualify are aware of those benefits, as well as others such as SNAP, WIC and TANF, contributes to general good health prior to pregnancy. Once a woman is pregnant, access to regular prenatal care is key. Preexisting risks are properly managed and unexpected complications are found and treated early when pregnant women receive regular care. Community-based doulas have been shown to improve health outcomes for babies, including reducing the number of babies born at a low birthweight.

Pro-active housing policy that helps ensure affordable housing is available for people to live where they work can improve negative outcomes related to high housing costs. These policies might include approving more apartment construction and allowing rental of accessory dwelling units, creating a standard zoning approval process and applying for affordable housing trust fund competitive grants. Improving ease of usage and communication with landlords and renters using Housing Choice Vouchers can increase the number of landlords willing to accept vouchers.

Indicator Definitions and History

Children living in poverty - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

Severe housing cost burden - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Kindergarten Immunization - Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

Children who lack health insurance - Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

Babies born at a low birth weight - Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).