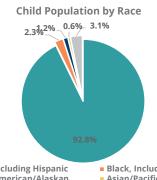
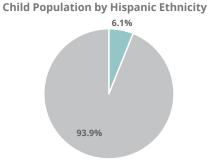
# 16th DECATUR

Population Under 18: 20.4%



**ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 69TH** 





White, Including Hispanic
 Native American/Alaskan
 Other/Unknown

Black, Including Hispanic

 Asian/Pacific Islander

Hispanic, All Races

**Previous** 

■ Non-Hispanic

Previous

Published July 2024

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 69TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank	
Children living in poverty 23.0%	65th	24.3%	70th	
Severe housing cost burden 9.5% 2018-2022	58th	10.5%	69th	
Child care cost burden 35.7% FY2022-23	<b>78th</b>	25.6%	48th	
EDUCATION 17TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank	
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 39.0% 2023-24	24th	41.8%	10th	
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 49.8%	8th	49.5%	9th	
Youth graduating high school on time 93.8% 2022-23	<b>45</b> th	95.2%	31st	
HEALTH 13TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank	
HEALTH 13TH  Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9% 2022-23	Rank 81st			
Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9%		Percent/Rate	Rank	
Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 5.5%	81st	Percent/Rate	Rank 44th	
Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.5% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 6.3%	81st 67th	94.7% 6.7%	Rank 44th 63rd	
Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.5% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 6.3% 2020-2022	81st 67th 4th	94.7% 6.7% 5.9%  Previous	Rank 44th 63rd 1st	
Kindergarten full immunization series 91.9% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.5% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 6.3% 2020-2022  FAMILY & COMMUNITY 26TH  Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 19.2	81st 67th 4th	Percent/Rate  94.7%  6.7%  5.9%  Previous Percent/Rate	Rank  44th 63rd 1st  Previous Rank	

Decatur County	Number	Date	Tennessee	County	Voe
 Demographics	Number	Rate	Rate	Rank	Year
Demographic	)				
Total population (state value is number not rate)	11,656	NA	7,126,489	87	2023
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	2,375	20.4%	22.0%	60	2023
Economic Well-Bo	eing				
Median Household Income	\$52,294	NA	\$65,231.00	63	2022
outh unemployment	28	17.3%	9.8%	84	2023
er capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$49,250	NA	\$58,292	24	2022
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$207,719	NA	\$325,000	69	2022
children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	55	2.3%	1.5%	75	FY23
hildren receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	616	25.9%	22.4%	61	FY23
air market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$952	21.8%	21.4%	22	FY23
VIC participation (percent of children under 5)	212	38.3%	29.0%	62	FY23
Education					
School age special education services (age 3 to 21)	287	11.5%	8.0%	84	2022-2
ElS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	30	5.4%	4.4%	76	2022-2
conomically disadvantaged students	505	35.0%	30.2%	56	2022-2
chool suspensions	10	0.7%	4.6%	*	2022-2
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	27	30.0%	35.4%	55	2022-2
oung adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	NA	58.2%	54.3%	15	2022
Health					
leonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	7.1	1	2022
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	20	18.7%	9.1%	71	2021
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	1,727	64.1%	53.1%	69	Dec-2
otal TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	3,286	28.2%	23.0%	69	Dec-2
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	74	62.2%	54.5%	38	2022
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	93	6.5%	6.1%	65 1	2021
nfant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	6.2		2021
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	3.2	1	2021
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)			20.7		2021
een violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	0	0.0	69.7	1	2021
dequate prenatal care	78	75.0%	73.9%	66	2021
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	0	0.0	76.1	59	2022-2
Children who are food insecure	420 *	17.9% *	17.9%	10 *	2022
eens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)			16.1		2022
Tantismand alayered blood land layer (now 1,000 agreemed)	1	2.4%	4.7%	10	2019-2
	100	06.60/	02 20/		7(1)
Breastfeeding initiation at birth	103	86.6%	83.3%	11	
Breastfeeding initiation at birth ndividuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	10	20.9	44.8	7	2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth ndividuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) ndividuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	10 11	20.9 23.0	44.8 43.6	7 5	2020-2 2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	10 11 9	20.9 23.0 18.9	44.8 43.6 22.1	7 5 25	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Communications  Family & Family & Communications  Family & Fami	10 11 9 11	20.9 23.0	44.8 43.6	7 5	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	10 11 9 11	20.9 23.0 18.9	44.8 43.6 22.1	7 5 25	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth andividuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) andividuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) andividuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) andividals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Communication of the communi	10 11 9 11 nity	20.9 23.0 18.9	44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7	7 5 25	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Communication of the provided child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	10 11 9 11 nity	20.9 23.0 18.9 23.0 4.5% 4.6	44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7 4.2% 2.5	7 5 25 25 25	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 2020-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Communication of the provided state of the provided state control of the provided state	10 11 9 11 nity	20.9 23.0 18.9 23.0 4.5% 4.6 7.7	44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7 4.2% 2.5 5.1	7 5 25 25 25 32 65 56	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 FY23 FY23
Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	10 11 9 11 nity	20.9 23.0 18.9 23.0 4.5% 4.6	44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7 4.2% 2.5	7 5 25 25 25	2020-2 2020-2 2020-2 2020-2

## **Decatur**

#### **Overall**

At 16th, Decatur County is in the top fourth of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Health.

#### **Strengths**

Decatur's strongest indicator is the percent of babies who were born at a low birthweight, where the county ranks 4th. The county also performs well in the percent of students who scored "On Track" or "Mastered" in TCAP Math at 8th.

#### **Opportunities**

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of public school kindergartenders with the full immunization series, where it ranks 81st. There are opportunities for improvement in child care cost burden as well.

#### **Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes**

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Schools and counties with an under vaccinated kindergarten community are at risk for highly infectious and sometimes fatal outbreaks of vaccine preventable diseases. For a community to remain low-risk for vaccine-preventable outbreaks, the percent of fully immunized kindergarten students should be above 95 percent. Maintaining an above 95 percent immunization rate provides protection to the 0.1 percent of Tennessee's public-school kindergarteners with a medical exception making them unable to receive the immunization themselves. The Department of Health recommends for Tennessee to reduce the risk of vaccine-preventable disease outbreaks, awareness and action are needed to increase childhood immunization. These efforts are critical to ensuring safe environments in schools. Medical providers who deliver health care to children are encouraged to review immunization records and provide catch-up immunizations at every opportunity.

Reducing the cost of child care is a difficult project for many local governments to launch. The best option may be to encourage unlicensed local child care businesses to pursue licensure by the Tennessee Department of Human Resources, as they have multiple programs supporting child care businesses, educators and client families associated with licensed facilities. Additionally, many individuals may be aware they are eligible for Smart Steps. Community events to provide education about the program and assist in enrollment can help reduce some of the cost burden. Beyond that, providing supervised recreation activities for older children during out-of-school hours and developing parent-led afterschool care programs can provide lower cost alternatives for families. Businesses interested in supporting families with child care cost burden can offer Dependent Flexible Spending Accounts. Businesses that provide on-site child care, partner with a third party to provide care or facilitate employees finding care are eligible for a federal tax credit of up to \$150,000 per year

### **Indicator Definitions and History**

**Children living in poverty** - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

**Severe housing cost burden** - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

**3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency -** Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

**3rd to 8th grade math proficiency -** Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

**Kindergarten Immunization -** Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

**Children who lack health insurance -** Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

**Babies born at a low birth weight -** Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

**Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000** - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).