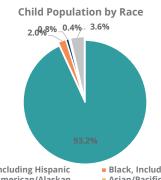
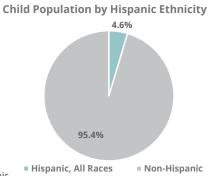
10th LAWRENCE

Population Under 18: 25.1%







White, Including HispanicNative American/AlaskanOther/Unknown

Black, Including HispanicAsian/Pacific Islander

Published July 2024

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 15TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
Children living in poverty 16.9%	21st	19.7%	30th
Severe housing cost burden 8.6% 2018-2022	34th	9.7%	49th
Child care cost burden 26.0% FY2022-23	31st	24.7%	36th
EDUCATION 24TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 38.1%	30th	36.8%	34th
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 41.7%	34th	41.2%	31st
Youth graduating high school on time 95.2%	33rd	96.8%	16th
HEALTH 43RD	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
HEALTH 43RD Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23	Rank 64th		
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1%		Percent/Rate	Rank
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% Children who lack health insurance 4.8%	64th	Percent/Rate	Rank 72nd
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 4.8% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 8.7%	64th 46th	93.3% 6.7%	72nd 62nd
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 4.8% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 8.7% 2020-2022	64th 46th 53th	93.3% 6.7% 8.5% Previous	72nd 62nd 46th Previous
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 4.8% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 8.7% 2020-2022 FAMILY & COMMUNITY 13TH Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 17.3	64th 46th 53th	93.3% 6.7% 8.5% Previous Percent/Rate	72nd 62nd 46th Previous Rank

Lawrence County	Niconhau	Data	Tennessee	County	Vos
Damagraphic	Number	Rate	Rate	Rank	Year
Demographics	5				
Total population (state value is number not rate)	46,114	NA	7,126,489	35	2023
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	11,562	25.1%	22.0%	5	2023
Economic Well-Be	eing				
Median Household Income	\$55,562	NA	\$65,231.00	48	2022
Youth unemployment	70	7.9%	9.8%	38	2023
Per capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$42,177	NA	\$58,292	58	2022
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$208,396	NA	\$325,000	68	2022
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	106	0.9%	1.5%	10	FY23
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	2,245	19.4%	22.4%	20	FY23
Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$974	21.0%	21.4%	14	FY23
WIC participation (percent of children under 5)	782	26.6%	29.0%	18	FY23
Education					
School age special education services (age 3 to 21)	928	7.9%	8.0%	24	2022-23
TEIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	60	2.0%	4.4%	4	2022-23
Economically disadvantaged students	2,372	35.0%	30.2%	56	2022-23
School suspensions	210	3.1%	4.6%	42	2022-23
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	114	26.4%	35.4%	64	2022-23
Young adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	NA	56.5%	54.3%	22	2022
Health					
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	15	25.51	7.1	31	2022
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	72	12.2%	9.1%	27	2021
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	6,835	53.0%	53.1%	25	Dec-23
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	12,147	26.3%	23.0%	56	Dec-23
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	325 357	55.3% 5.3%	54.5% 6.1%	22 32	2022
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	337	5.5% *	6.2	3Z *	2021
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	3.2	*	2021
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	*	*	20.7	*	2021
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	2021
Adequate prenatal care	406	69.0%	73.9%	79	2021
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	3	25.9	76.1	44	2022-23
Children who are food insecure	1,880	17.1%	17.9%	63	2022
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	22	12.1	16.1	34	2022
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened)	16	9.6%	4.7%	90	2019-23
Breastfeeding initiation at birth	491	83.6%	83.3%	24	2022
Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	55	29.3	44.8	14	2020-23
Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	48	25.6	43.6	10	2020-23
Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	29	15.5	22.1	10	2020-23
Individals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	0	*	27.7	*	2020-23
Family & Commu	nity				
		<u> 4</u> 3%	4 2%	23	FY23
Reported child abuse cases	493	4.3% 5.2	4.2% 2.5	23 69	FY23 FY23
Reported child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)		4.3% 5.2 11.6	4.2% 2.5 5.1	23 69 85	FY23 FY23 FY23
Reported child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children) Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	493 65	5.2	2.5	69	FY23
Reported child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children) Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children) Juvenile court referrals Child restriant use in crashes (age 0 -12)	493 65 145	5.2 11.6	2.5 5.1	69 85	FY23 FY23

Lawrence

Overall

At 10th, Lawrence County is in the top ten of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Family & Community.

Strengths

Lawrence's strongest indicator is the percent of chronic absenteeism among public school students, where the county ranks 20th. The county also performs well in the percent of chlidren living below the federal poverty line at 21st.

Opportunities

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of public school kindergartenders with the full immunization series, where it ranks 64th. There are opportunities for improvement in the percent of babies who were born at a low birthweight as well.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Schools and counties with an under vaccinated kindergarten community are at risk for highly infectious and sometimes fatal outbreaks of vaccine preventable diseases. For a community to remain low-risk for vaccine-preventable outbreaks, the percent of fully immunized kindergarten students should be above 95 percent. Maintaining an above 95 percent immunization rate provides protection to the 0.1 percent of Tennessee's public-school kindergarteners with a medical exception making them unable to receive the immunization themselves. The Department of Health recommends for Tennessee to reduce the risk of vaccine-preventable disease outbreaks, awareness and action are needed to increase childhood immunization. These efforts are critical to ensuring safe environments in schools. Medical providers who deliver health care to children are encouraged to review immunization records and provide catch-up immunizations at every opportunity.

Babies are born at a low birthweight either because they are born too early or they did not grow as much as they should. Ensuring women of childbearing age have access to treatment for chronic physical and mental health and substance abuse conditions creates an environment for healthy pregnancies. While the state has not expanded TennCare to close some of these access gaps, improving outreach to ensure those who do qualify are aware of those benefits, as well as others such as SNAP, WIC and TANF, contributes to general good health prior to pregnancy. Once a woman is pregnant, access to regular prenatal care is key. Preexisting risks are properly managed and unexpected complications are found and treated early when pregnant women receive regular care. Community-based doulas have been shown to improve health outcomes for babies, including reducing the number of babies born at a low birthweight.

Indicator Definitions and History

Children living in poverty - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

Severe housing cost burden - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Kindergarten Immunization - Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

Children who lack health insurance - Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

Babies born at a low birth weight - Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).