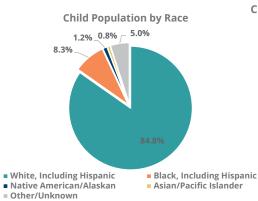
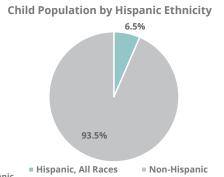
45th LINCOLN

Population Under 18: 22.4%







Published July 2024

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 17TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
Children living in poverty 18.7%	31st	21.1%	40th
Severe housing cost burden 9.0% 2018-2022	45th	8.8%	27th
Child care cost burden 20.8% FY2022-23	5th	22.5%	18th
EDUCATION 35TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 35.3% 2023-24	41st	38.0%	26th
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 36.4%	52nd	40.3%	36th
Youth graduating high school on time 96.6%	22nd	95.9%	26th
HEALTH 86TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
HEALTH 86TH Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9% 2022-23	Rank 29th		
Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9%		Percent/Rate	Rank
Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9% Children who lack health insurance 6.0%	29th	Percent/Rate	Rank 55th
Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 6.0% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 9.2%	29th 80th	94.4% 6.3%	55th 49th
Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 6.0% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 9.2% 2020-2022	29th 80th 69th	94.4% 6.3% 9.6% Previous	Frevious
Kindergarten full immunization series 94.9% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 6.0% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 9.2% 2020-2022 FAMILY & COMMUNITY 40TH Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 52.7	29th 80th 69th	94.4% 6.3% 9.6% Previous Percent/Rate	55th 49th 75th Previous Rank

Lincoln County	Number	Rate	Tennessee Rate	County Rank	Year
Demographic			1000		
Total population (state value is number not rate)	36,169	NA	7,126,489	44	2023
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	8,104	22.4%	22.0%	23	2023
Economic Well-B	eing				
Median Household Income	\$61,591	NA	\$65,231.00	26	2022
Youth unemployment	106	13.5%	9.8%	69	2023
Per capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$48,759	NA	\$58,292	28	2022
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$221,263	NA	\$325,000	63	2022
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	133	1.6%	1.5%	47	FY23
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	1,805	22.3%	22.4%	33	FY23
Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$1,062	20.7%	21.4%	12	FY23
WIC participation (percent of children under 5)	644	33.2%	29.0%	46	FY23
Education					
Eddedion					
School age special education services (age 3 to 21)	683	8.1%	8.0%	25	2022-23
TEIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	46	2.4%	4.4%	6	2022-23
Economically disadvantaged students	1,387	28.1%	30.2%	29	2022-23
School suspensions	118	2.4%	4.6%	35	2022-23
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	140	38.4%	35.4%	18	2022-23
Young adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	NA	56.0%	54.3%	26	2022
Health					
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	7.1	*	2022
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	61	16.4%	9.1%	50	2021
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	4,966	54.0%	53.1%	27	Dec-23
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	8,668	24.0%	23.0%	37	Dec-23
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	243	59.6%	54.5%	29	2022
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	329 *	7.6%	6.1%	85	2021
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.2	*	2021
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	*		3.2	*	2021
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)		*	20.7	*	2021
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	2021
Adequate prenatal care	280	75.7%	73.9%	60	2021
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	2	24.7	76.1	45	2022-23
Children who are food insecure	1,160	14.8%	17.9%	42	2022
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	12	8.4	16.1	19	2022
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened)	7	3.9%	4.7%	31	2019-23
Breastfeeding initiation at birth	320	78.6%	83.3%	54	2022
Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	51	32.6	44.8	25	2020-23
Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	47	30.0	43.6	27	2020-23
Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	28 37	17.9 23.6	22.1 27.7	18 29	2020-23 2020-23
The manuals scotting actisk for psycholic-like experiences r Q-b (per 100K)	31	23,0	۷۱.۱	4 3	2020-23
Family & Commu	inity				
Reported child abuse cases	373	4.6%	4.2%	37	FY23
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	16	1.8	2.5	24	FY23
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	26	2.9	5.1	17	FY23
Juvenile court referrals	466	6.0%	1.8%	94	2022
Child restriant use in crashes (age 0 -12)	NA	97.8%	NA	26	2023
Regulated child care spaces (percent of children age 0 to 12)	1,312	23.9%	29.8%	43	FY23

Lincoln

Overall

At 45th, Lincoln County is in the top half of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Economic Well-Being.

Strengths

Lincoln's strongest indicator is child care cost burden, where the county ranks 5th. The county also performs well in the percent of high school students graduating on time at 22nd.

Opportunities

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of children without health insurance, where it ranks 80th. There are opportunities for improvement in the rate of youth crime per 1,000 as well.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Most uninsured children in Tennessee qualify for either TennCare or CoverKids, so high rates of uninsured children can be improved with outreach to make sure families are aware of these insurance opportunities. According to Census Bureau estimates, Lincoln County has 329 children who qualify for these health insurance programs but who nonetheless lack insurance. Communities can utilize free outreach resources from the Connecting Kids to Coverage National Campaign at https://www.insurekidsnow.gov/outreach-tool-library/index.html. Those insured by TennCare or CoverKids must keep current contact information with TennCare to prevent unnecessary breaks in coverage. Members can update information at tenncareconnect.tn.gov or by calling 855-259-0701.

Addressing youth crime at a community level requires a comprehensive approach combining prevention, early intervention, targeted intensive services and re-entry planning. The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) communities implement prevention programs such as:

- Classroom and behavior management programs
- · Multi-component classroom-based programs
- Social competence promotion curriculums
- Conflict resolution and violence prevention curriculums

- Bullying prevention programs
- Afterschool recreation programs
- Mentoring programs
- School organization programs
- Comprehensive community interventions

For more targeted interventions OJJDP provides a Model Programs Guide with research and evaluations for various topics in youth behavior and the justice system. The Model Programs Guide can be found here: https://ojjdp.ojp.gov/model-programs-guide/literature-reviews. In counties with a Juvenile Detention Center, working with the LEA to reduce the time between a child coming into custody and receiving education should be a priority. Additionally, these counties can partner with community programs to engage youth while they are in detention, providing additional educational or developmental support.

Indicator Definitions and History

Children living in poverty - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

Severe housing cost burden - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Kindergarten Immunization - Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

Children who lack health insurance - Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

Babies born at a low birth weight - Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).