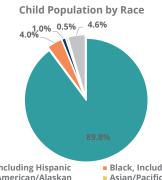
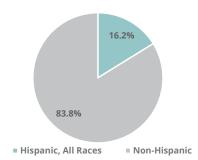
#### **Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity**

# 65th

Population Under 18: 23.0%







White, Including HispanicNative American/Alaskan Other/Unknown

Black, Including HispanicAsian/Pacific Islander

Published July 2024

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 33RD	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
Children living in poverty 20.6%	<b>42nd</b>	22.6%	54th
Severe housing cost burden 7.8% 2018-2022	19th	10.2%	63rd
Child care cost burden 29.2% FY2022-23	<b>52nd</b>	26.0%	52nd
EDUCATION 68TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 29.7%	<b>72nd</b>	27.5%	77th
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 27.7%	80th	25.9%	80th
Youth graduating high school on time 94.1%	<b>43rd</b>	90.8%	71st
HEALTH 57TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
HEALTH 57TH  Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1%	Rank 65th		
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1%		Percent/Rate	Rank
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1%  Children who lack health insurance 5.7%	65th	Percent/Rate	Rank 26th
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.7% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 8.3%	65th 72nd	96.3% 6.6%	Rank 26th 60th
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.7% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 8.3% 2020-2022	65th 72nd 36th	96.3% 6.6% 8.9%  Previous	Rank 26th 60th 55th
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.1% 2022-23  Children who lack health insurance 5.7% 2021  Babies born at a low birth weight 8.3% 2020-2022  FAMILY & COMMUNITY 64TH  Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 32.9	65th 72nd 36th Rank	Percent/Rate  96.3%  6.6%  8.9%  Previous Percent/Rate	26th 60th 55th Previous Rank

Warren County			Tennessee	County	
	Number	Rate	Rate	Rank	Year
Demographics	S				
Total population (state value is number not rate)	42,638	NA	7,126,489	38	2023
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	9,821	23.0%	22.0%	17	2023
Economic Well-Be	eing				
Median Household Income	\$52,520	NA	\$65,231.00	62	2022
Youth unemployment	78	9.3%	9.8%	51	2023
Per capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$41,807	NA	\$58,292	62	2022
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$233,988	NA	\$325,000	58	2022
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	132	1.3%	1.5%	32	FY23
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP)	2,651	27.0%	22.4%	65	FY23
Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	\$956	21.8%	21.4%	21	FY23
WIC participation (percent of children under 5)	968	38.3%	29.0%	63	FY23
Education					
School age special education services (age 3 to 21)	889	8.8%	8.0%	37	2022-23
TEIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	113	4.5%	4.4%	53	2022-23
Economically disadvantaged students	2,321	37.0%	30.2%	67	2022-23
School suspensions	57	0.9%	4.6%	11	2022-23
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once	141	33.0%	35.4%	40	2022-23
Young adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	NA	51.8%	54.3%	44	2022
Health					
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	14	26.07	7.1	32	2022
Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	101	18.3%	9.1%	66	2021
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	7,093	64.2%	53.1%	71	Dec-23
Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	12,850	30.1%	23.0%	83	Dec-23
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	355	66.1%	54.5%	60	2022
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	412	6.3%	6.1%	62	2021
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.2	*	2021
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	3.2	*	2021
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	*	*	20.7	*	2021
Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	2021
Adequate prenatal care	420	76.6%	73.9%	54	2021
Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	4	40.7	76.1	26	2022-23
Children who are food insecure	1,900	19.7%	17.9%	65	2022
Teens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	*	*	16.1	*	2022
				-	2010 22
	3	1.1%	4.7%	5	2019-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened)	3 433	1.1% 81.2%	4.7% 83.3%	36	2019-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth					2022
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	433	81.2%	83.3%	36	2022 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	433 69	81.2% 40.8	83.3% 44.8	36 55	2022 2020-23 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	433 69 63	81.2% 40.8 37.2	83.3% 44.8 43.6	36 55 58	2019-23 2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	433 69 63 39 56	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1	36 55 58 50	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Commu	433 69 63 39 56	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1 33.1	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7	36 55 58 50 71	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Commu  Reported child abuse cases	433 69 63 39 56	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1 33.1	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7	36 55 58 50 71	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Commu  Reported child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	433 69 63 39 56 nity	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1 33.1	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7	36 55 58 50 71 87 75	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 FY23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individuals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)  Family & Commu  Reported child abuse cases Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children) Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	433 69 63 39 56 <b>nity</b>	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1 33.1 6.5% 5.5 10.5	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7 4.2% 2.5 5.1	36 55 58 50 71 87 75 79	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 FY23 FY23 FY23
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened) Breastfeeding initiation at birth Individuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K) Individuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K) Individals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	433 69 63 39 56 nity	81.2% 40.8 37.2 23.1 33.1	83.3% 44.8 43.6 22.1 27.7	36 55 58 50 71 87 75	2022 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 2020-23 FY23

# **Warren**

#### **Overall**

At 65th, Warren County is in the bottom half of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Economic Well-Being.

#### **Strengths**

Warren's strongest indicator is the percent of households in the county experiencing a severe housing cost burden, where the county ranks 19th. The county also performs well in the percent of babies who were born at a low birthweight at 36th.

#### **Opportunities**

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of students who scored "On Track" or "Mastered" in TCAP Math, where it ranks 80th. There are opportunities for improvement in the percent of chronic absenteeism among public school students as well.

## **Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes**

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Expanding pre-K access and increasing STEM opportunities in elementary and middle schools can help improve 3rd to 8th grade math proficiency. The Tennessee STEM Innovation Network offers resources and support to help schools implement STEM programs locally. Also, the Tennessee Department of Education supports summer learning camps for all students but especially to support those who have fallen behind.

Evidence-based strategies to address chronic absenteeism begin with early warning prevention and intervention systems, identifying students before their absences hit chronic levels and looking for underlying causes. Implementing positive and supportive engagement strategies to improve students' attendance at, connection to and success in school can help, while counselors who address individual students' challenges with regular attendance improve outcomes. Disciplinary measures that take students out of the classroom are a contributor to chronic absenteeism and not a solution.

## **Indicator Definitions and History**

**Children living in poverty** - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

**Severe housing cost burden** - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

**3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency -** Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

**3rd to 8th grade math proficiency -** Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

**Kindergarten Immunization -** Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

**Children who lack health insurance -** Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

**Babies born at a low birth weight -** Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

**Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000** - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).