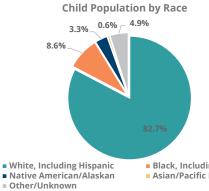
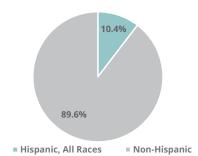
Child Population by Hispanic Ethnicity

2nd WILSON

Population Under 18: 23.2%







■ White, Including Hispanic ■ Native American/Alaskan Black, Including Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander

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ECONOMIC WELL-BEING 4TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
Children living in poverty 8.7%	2nd	8.3%	2nd
Severe housing cost burden 8.8% 2018-2022	39th	9.2%	38th
Child care cost burden 26.8% FY2022-23	39th	25.0%	40th
EDUCATION 3RD	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency 48.1%	4th	46.6%	4th
3rd to 8th grade math proficiency 52.7%	4th	53.3%	4th
Youth graduating high school on time 98.2%	4th	98.0%	4th
HEALTH 8TH	Rank	Previous Percent/Rate	Previous Rank
HEALTH 8TH Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3% 2022-23	Rank 62nd		
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3%		Percent/Rate	Rank
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3% Children who lack health insurance 4.2%	62nd	Percent/Rate	Rank 4th
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 4.2% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 7.1%	62nd 21st	98.7% 6.5%	Rank 4th 58th
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3% 2022-23 Children who lack health insurance 4.2% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 7.1% 2020-2022 FAMILY & COMMUNITY 8TH Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000 34.7	62nd 21st 13th	98.7% 6.5% 7.5% Previous	Rank 4th 58th 13th Previous
Kindergarten full immunization series 93.3% Children who lack health insurance 4.2% 2021 Babies born at a low birth weight 7.1% 2020-2022 FAMILY & COMMUNITY 8TH	62nd 21st 13th	98.7% 6.5% 7.5% Previous Percent/Rate	Ath 58th 13th Previous Rank

Wilson County					
wiison County	Number	Rate	Tennessee Rate	County Rank	Year
Demographic	S				
otal population (state value is number not rate)	163,674	NA	7,126,489	9	2023
Population under 18 years of age (percent of total population)	37,990	23.2%	22.0%	15	2023
Economic Well-Be	eing				
Median Household Income	\$88,462	NA	\$65,231.00	2	2022
outh unemployment	361	11.4%	9.8%	59	2023
er capita personal income (state value is dollars not rate)	\$65,138	NA	\$58,292	5	2022
Median home sales price (state value is dollars not rate)	\$487,459	NA	\$325,000	3	2022
Children receiving Families First grants (TANF)	212	0.6%	1.5%	4 2	FY23
Children receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance (SNAP) Fair market rent (percent of monthly median household income)	3,694 \$1,758	9.7% 23.8%	22.4% 21.4%	46	FY23 FY23
VIC participation (percent of children under 5)	1375	14.9%	29.0%	3	FY23
Ed					
Education					
ichool age special education services (age 3 to 21)	2,789	7.4%	8.0%	15	2022-2
EIS participation (percent of children age 0 to 4)	335	3.6%	4.4%	25	2022-2
conomically disadvantaged students	3,247	13.5%	30.2%	2	2022-2
chool suspensions	1,148	4.8%	4.6%	64	2022-2
Graduating seniors scoring 21 or better on the ACT at least once (oung adult college enrollment (percent of graduating seniors)	771 NA	44.3% 62.4%	35.4% 54.3%	6 9	2022-2
oung addit conege emoniment (percent of graduating semors)	IVA	02.4%	34.5%	9	2022
Health					
Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births)	11	5.86	7.1	22	2022
Sirths to mothers who smoked during pregnancy	111	6.5%	9.1%	7	2022
Children on TennCare (Medicaid)	14,890	35.8%	53.1%	2	Dec-23
otal TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees	24,428	14.9%	23.0%	2	Dec-2
Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid)	663	35.3%	54.5%	2	2022
Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured	963	7.5%	6.1%	83	2021
nfant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	*	*	6.2	*	2021
Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births)	0	0.00	3.2	1	2021
Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14)	*	*	20.7	*	2021
een violent deaths (per 100,000 youth age 15 to 19)	*	*	69.7	*	2021
Adequate prenatal care Pediatric physicians (per 100,000 children)	1,363 10	80.7% 26.3	73.9% 76.1	29 43	2021 2022-2
Children who are food insecure	3,640	10.5%	17.9%	84	2022-2
Feens with STDs (per 1,000 youth age 15 to 17)	31	5.2	16.1	10	2022
Confirmed elevated blood lead level (per 1,000 screened)	23	1.9%	4.7%	7	2019-2
Breastfeeding initiation at birth	1,700	90.9%	83.3%	3	2022
ndividuals scoring for severe depression (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	204	37.1	44.8	39	2020-2
ndividuals reporting frequent suicidal ideation (all ages) PHQ-9 (per 100K)	197	35.8	43.6	54	2020-2
ndividuals scoring positive for PTSD (all ages) PTSD Screeen (per 100K)	102	18.6	22.1	23	2020-2
ndividals scoring at risk for psychotic-like experiences PQ-B (per 100K)	140	25.5	27.7	37	2020-2
Family & Commu	ınity				
Reported child abuse cases	983	2.6%	4.2%	3	FY23
Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children)	66	1.6	2.5	20	FY23
Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children)	104	2.5	5.1	12	FY23
	873	2.5%	1.8%	68	2022
uvenile court referrals					
Child restriant use in crashes (age 0 -12) Regulated child care spaces (percent of children age 0 to 12)	NA	96.9% 32.8%	NA	32	2023

Wilson

Overall

At 2nd, Wilson County is in the top ten of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's strongest area was Education.

Strengths

Wilson's strongest indicator is the percent of chlidren living below the federal poverty line, where the county ranks 2nd. The county also performs well in the number of children who were victims of abuse or neglect at 3rd.

Opportunities

The county's biggest challenge is the percent of public school kindergartenders with the full immunization series, where it ranks 62nd. There are opportunities for improvement in the rate of youth crime per 1,000 as well.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes

Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership, non-profit partners and community engagement.

Schools and counties with an under vaccinated kindergarten community are at risk for highly infectious and sometimes fatal outbreaks of vaccine preventable diseases. For a community to remain low-risk for vaccine-preventable outbreaks, the percent of fully immunized kindergarten students should be above 95 percent. Maintaining an above 95 percent immunization rate provides protection to the 0.1 percent of Tennessee's public-school kindergarteners with a medical exception making them unable to receive the immunization themselves. The Department of Health recommends for Tennessee to reduce the risk of vaccine-preventable disease outbreaks, awareness and action are needed to increase childhood immunization. These efforts are critical to ensuring safe environments in schools. Medical providers who deliver health care to children are encouraged to review immunization records and provide catch-up immunizations at every opportunity.

Addressing youth crime at a community level requires a comprehensive approach combining prevention, early intervention, targeted intensive services and re-entry planning. The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) communities implement prevention programs such as:

- Classroom and behavior management programs
- Multi-component classroom-based programs
- Social competence promotion curriculums
- Conflict resolution and violence prevention curriculums

- Bullying prevention programs
- Afterschool recreation programs
- Mentoring programs
- School organization programs
- Comprehensive community interventions

For more targeted interventions OJJDP provides a Model Programs Guide with research and evaluations for various topics in youth behavior and the justice system. The Model Programs Guide can be found here: https://ojjdp.ojp.gov/model-programs-guide/literature-reviews. In counties with a Juvenile Detention Center, working with the LEA to reduce the time between a child coming into custody and receiving education should be a priority. Additionally, these counties can partner with community programs to engage youth while they are in detention, providing additional educational or developmental support.

Indicator Definitions and History

Children living in poverty - Percent of children living in a household below the federal poverty line. In 2022, the federal poverty level for a family of 3 was \$23,030. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (2022).

Severe housing cost burden - Percent of households (including rented, owned and mortgaged) spending 50% or more of their income on housing. Source: American Community Survey, 5-year estimates (2018-2022). Table B25140.

Child care cost burden - Child care cost burden reflects the average estimate market-rate price for care for full-time care of an infant and 2+ year old but less than school age child as a percentage of the county's estimated median household income. The market-rate is calculated by taking an average of the median market-rate fee for licensed providers in the county. When available, this includes Child Care Centers, Group Homes, and Family Homes. In instances where the county does not have all three, the providers existing in the county averaged. In instances where there are no licensed providers providing care to that age group in the county, the statewide average of Tier 2 market-rates are used. This average rate for infant care and 2+ care is then combined to get the total cost of care. Source: Determining Child Care Market Rates in the State of Tennessee (FY2022-23).

3rd to 8th grade reading proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) reading and language test.

Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

3rd to 8th grade math proficiency - Percent of third- to eighth-grade students who scored "ontrack" or "mastered" on the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment program (TCAP) math test. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2023-24).

Youth graduating high school on time - Percent of ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Kindergarten Immunization - Percent of public-school kindergarten students fully immunized for all required vaccine series at the time of survey completion. Required series includes: Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis vaccine (DTaP), Measles, Mumps, Rubella vaccine (MMR), Hepatitis A Virus vaccine (HAV)2 Hepatitis B Virus vaccine (HBV), Poliomyelitis vaccine (IPV or OPV), and Varicella (chickenpox) vaccine/credible history of disease. Source: Tennessee Department of Health Vaccine-Preventable Diseases and Immunization Program. Kindergarten Immunization Compliance Assessment. (2022-23).

Children who lack health insurance - Percent of children who lack health insurance. Source: US Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (2021).

Babies born at a low birth weight - Percent of live births where baby weighs less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds), averaged over three years. Source: Tennessee Department of Health (2020-22).

Youth Crime Rate Per 1,000- Rate of reported crimes alleged to have been committed by someone under 18 to county population of youth 12 to 17. Source: Tennessee Bureau of Investigation, Tennessee Incident Based Reporting System (2022). Accessed May 28, 2024.

Children who are chronically absent - Children who are absent 10 percent or more of school days for any reason, including excused/unexcused absences and out-of-school suspensions. Source: Tennessee Department of Education (2022-23).

Victims of abuse or neglect per 1,000 - Child victims of abuse or neglect. In cases with multiple children each child is counted individually. The total is the number of children associated with substantiated cases of severe abuse and of determinations of "Services Court Ordered" or "Services Needed" in cases of non-severe abuse or neglect. The rate is per 1,000 children. Source: Tennessee Department of Children's Services (FY2022-23).